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- (4) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody a person (without) a (warrant if)
- (a) The person protected by a foreign restraining order as defined by ORS 24.185 supplies a copy of the foreign restraining order to the officer and represents to the officer that the person has been located in this state for 30 days or less; and
- (b) The peace officer has probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested has violated the terms of the foreign restraining order.
- (5) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody a person without a warrant if:
- (a) The person protected by a foreign restraining order as defined by ORS 24.185 has filed a copy of the foreign restraining order with a court under the provisions of ORS 24.115; and
- (b) The peace officer has probable cause to believe that the person to be arrested has violated the terms of the foreign restraining order.
- (6) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody a person without a warrant if the peace officer has probable cause to believe:
- (a) The person has been charged with an offense that also constitutes domestic violence, as defined in ORS 135.230, and is presently released as to that charge under ORS 135.230 to 135.290; and
- (b) The person has failed to comply with the no contact condition of the release agreement.

133.315 Liability of peace officer making arrest. (1) No peace officer shall be held criminally or civilly liable for making an arrest pursuant to ORS 133.055 (2) or 133.310 (3) provided the peace officer acts in good faith and without malice)

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(2) No peace officer shall be civilly liable for any arrest made under ORS 133.310 (4) if the officer reasonably believes that a document or other writing supplied to the officer under ORS 133.310 (4) is an accurate copy of a foreign restraining order as defined by ORS 24.185.