

My name is Hartford Van Dyke. I was an electronic equipment engineer. I would rather be doing that kind of work, but in 1967 my father, Lyle H. Van Dyke (Sr.), told me about his family's involvement in the intrigue of the Pearl Harbor attack. My father's uncle (Gerard) Mason Van Dyke, in Hawaiian Intelligence G-2, is the person who sent the message to Washington, D.C., on Thursday afternoon December 4, 1941, at 2:00 p.m. Hawaiian time, warning of the impending attack on Pearl Harbor. Rear Admiral Paulus Powell received Mason's message in Washington, D.C., Powell delivered Mason's message to Secretary of Navy Frank Knox and Undersecretary of Navy James Forrestal. Knox and Forrestal wanted to get the ships out of Pearl Harbor and set up a defense perimeter around the Hawaiian Islands. They told Secretary of War Henry Stimson of their plan. Stimson told President Franklin Roosevelt. Roosevelt had Powell, Knox, and Forrestal placed under military guard and held at gun point until after the attack, to prevent them from warning the Hawaiian Field Commanders Rear Admiral Husband Kimmel and Major General Walter Short. On Saturday morning December 6, 1941, being fully warned about the impending attack, Roosevelt notified Kimmel and Short to prepare for Japanese sabotage, the preparation for which is the exact opposite of the preparation for aerial attack. As I learned of Roosevelt's treasonous betrayal of everyone in Hawaii, I simply realized that if the corruption of the government was allowed to destroy this country from within, then there would be no future in doing my electronics work. Over a transition period of about eight years (1967-1975), I gave up my electronics occupation and became a legal public servant. During this period of time, I researched and confirmed my father's Pearl Harbor story, and wrote and published a book about the Pearl Harbor attack titled "The Skeleton in Uncle Sam's Closet" (1973). I also published a tabloid edition on the same subject (1975).

In 1992, I began the publishing of a manual on commercial law. In 1996, a friend of mine, Tracy Lee Brown, a very effective seminar lecturer on the Constitution for the United States of America, became one of nine political prisoners of the United States government on the accusation that he was a "member" of the unorganized militia of Washington State and therefore must be a bad person. Judge John C. Coughenour of the U.S. District Court in Seattle, Washington, violated the state's rights of Washington State in a federal move to misuse U.S. government power to overthrow, suppress, and usurp Washington State's absolute control of the State militia, and its citizen's Constitutionally guaranteed 9th and 2nd Amendment absolute rights to self-defense and the right to keep and bear arms, respectively, rights which he would not allow the defense to raise. Judge Coughenour's mode of operation consists of ordering the bailiff to swear people in, to tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, in his U.S. 9th Circuit Courts, and then does everything in his power to suppress any testimony that is, or would be, unfavorable or damaging to the government's side of the case. This is also how he operated in the Billings Montana Freeman case. It might be of interest to the public to know that many of the American Jewish people want to preserve the right to keep and bear arms as a protection against certain other "International New World Order Jews", who want gun control as Hitler did. The international operators of the U.S. government found a coincidental way to deny Tracy Lee Brown a fair trial in the U.S. District Court at Seattle, Washington, in Case No. CR 96-500C. In February, 1997, I filed criminal charges, a distress, a removal, a lien, and a proposed lien assignment against Judge Coughenour and his five accessory accomplices, U. S. Attorneys. No one rebutted any of the filings, so the lien became an Accounts Receivable on May 19, 1997. Judge Coughenour continued to hold most of the defendants as political prisoners until, through repeated offenses and interest, the amount of injury exceeded Ten Billion U. S. Dollars. The U. S. dollar value of the assets of the Hartford Van Dyke Public Wealth Rebate Bank/Trust are statutorily established against the U.S. government and its officers and agents founded on the foregoing series of events which occurred in U.S. Case No. CR96-500C, described in a filing recorded in the Office of the King County Recorder at Seattle, Washington, recording number 9702110859.

The Notes of this Bank were cleared for disbursement pursuant to 18 USC 514, by United States Secret Service Agents Wood and Brewster on June 18, 1997, at Seattle, Washington.

THE COMMERCIAL PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE ENGINEERING OF PUBLIC WEALTH REBATE BANKS, a.k.a. "ROBIN HOOD BANKS"

Public Wealth Rebate Banks LAWFULLY SEIZE AND RECOVER WEALTH (taxes, etc.) stolen by corrupt officials and others engaged in government organized crime, and return it to the common people, the Public, to reimburse and revitalize the common people (Public). These banks bring to mind the legendary character known as Robin Hood, who had the less rigorous more vigorous informal cavalier way of correcting the same social wrongs of Old England. This is the reason for referring to Public Wealth Rebate Banks by the term "Robin Hood Banks"; they paramourally represent the interests of "a government of the people, by the people, for the people". Governments are usually operated by people who do not want to consider the needs of others, hence rule by force, not reason, too often with the result that power corrupts, and absolute power corrupts absolutely. Consequently, governments are not inclined to correct their own evils, and, to the contrary, tend to perpetuate their own evils, and especially to punish those who resist the evils of the government. Understandably, then, Public Wealth Rebate Banks are PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, necessarily founded and operated by non-government self-appointed (42 USC 1986) public servants who operate as public escrow agents known as Public Proxies, and always under the threat of government retaliation. Public Wealth Rebate Banks are operated: (1) pursuant to the Universal and Eternal Natural Laws of Commerce, (2) pursuant to the U.S. Constitution, 9th Amendment which guarantees the Natural Right to Exercise Any Self-Defense, (3) pursuant to the social "brother's keeper principle" suggested in 42 USC 1986 and in 18 USC 4, (4) pursuant to the commercial fair market values suggested by 18 USC 241 and 18 USC 242, the fair market values to be levied in commerce against violations against the Public and its Constitutions, and especially against those violations committed by government officers and agents of the Public Trust, and (5) pursuant to the remuneration principles suggested by 42 USC 1994 and 18 USC 1581, which clearly state that whatever the government compels the Citizen to do for society, pursuant to statutory law, less than duty in a foreign war, is labor in the ordinary sense, so the government must stand good for a compensation for that labor in commerce or not expect the Citizen to seriously obey the statutes of the government. Public Wealth Rebate Banks keep a public record of all of their organizational by-laws and commercial transactions, which the public can inspect and copy either during regular banking hours, or by ordering information to be sent to them, without filing any formal requests for information. Public Wealth Rebate Banks are Charitable Public Trust Foundations engaged in generating, screening, processing, and directing Commercial Affidavits of Obligation known as Commercial Liens. (A Common Law Lien is inferior to a Commercial [Law] Lien in that a Common Law Lien does not contain EXPLICIT LEDGERING, hence relies upon the discretion of a Jury to decide the obligation.) Generally, Public Wealth Rebate Banks acquire their assets through lawful public claims made by way of Affidavits of Information (Criminal Complainants) (1st Amendment guaranteed petitions) against corrupt public officials, et al, who, by their failure to respond within 3 months (90 days), admit, by default, their public contempt, their public guilt and their public liability. Public Wealth Rebate Banks engage in the lawful altruistic/charitable disbursement of public malpractice default judgments to the Public, by generating a Commercial Lien Assignment Currency known as Public Wealth Rebate Notes, establishing, thereby, a lawful method for the Public to lay claim to the real and moveable property of the Lien Debtor party(ies). Therefore, Public Wealth Rebate Banks are lawful Commercial (1st Amendment) Demand Note Currency Banks. Money is a social symbol for the existence of the intrinsic social survival value of mankind, a symbol for the Sun's daily delivery of energy to the Earth via agriculture, hydroelectric power, etc., and a symbol for the capacity of HUMAN LABOR to use information and intelligence to gain amplified access to Nature's resources of energy.

A Public Wealth Rebate Note is a Reversed Party Promissory Note, a Demand Note, made by a Creditor or Claimant against a Debtor, based on the Debtor's breached promise to pay or to perform. -H. V.