VERIFIED MEMO CREATED FOR THE PUBLIC RECORD

I. Background

At 11:09am, this 12th day of April, I received a telephone call from a person who identified herself as Jina Keller informing me that she had talked to Larry Goodman who had been arrested on 8 April 2017 and incarcerated in the Denver Detention Center. Larry had asked Jina to contact me and give me a specific message. This Memo Created for the Public Record was started within 20 minutes after the phone call.

II. Purpose of Message

The message, I believe, Larry wanted me to get was about that the misuse of public money (Article X, Section 13, Colorado Constitution) by his captives who intentionally tortured him by arresting him in a t-shirt and refusing him warmer clothing when the outside temperature of 44 degrees Fahrenheit, (chill factor 29 degrees Fahrenheit); the Denver deputy sheriffs placed him in the back of a van handcuffed without suitable clothing to protect him from the severe weather conditions with the loudspeaker in the back of the van turned up blaringly loud and sufficient to hurt his ears. He got a severe bronchial condition under those circumstances. After his arrest while in detention, a doctor confirmed his severe bronchial condition and a nurse suggested he find some way to avoid further neglect.

- a. The misuse of public funds by law enforcement personnel was for unlawful purposes and employed unconstitutionally for imposters feloniously holding public offices as county commissioners who failed to file and record evidence of a fiduciary bond under Sections 2 and 22, Schedule, Colorado Constitution binding each of them to the promises they made in their individual oath of office.
- b. We discussed that matter many times and his arrest had something to do with the charges being placed against him. He had tried to get proof that the Colorado Governor had taken the oath of office during his first term from evidence of that oath required to be on file in the Office of the Secretary of State; he was unable to acquire such evidence. He tried several times to acquire evidence that the Governor had taken an oath during his second term, once again he was unsuccessful.
- c. I believe his constant request for additional evidence in that matter may have something to do with his arrest:
 - (1) for the unjustified racketeering charges being placed against him,
- (2) for the means to acquire deleterious information against others for support of what they considered a joint conspiracy against government activities,

(c) for information needed to justify their heinous and injurious conduct, and all in support of government agents misusing public appropriated funds feloniously and to serve government interests rather than the general public interests.

III. Subsequent Tortuous Circumstances

After he was arrested at gun point and prior to his being incarcerated, he, Goodman, had been driven to Denver from Boulder handcuffed for two hours in the back of a van with no heat (very cold) in a t-shirt and with a speaker turn up extremely loud sufficient to hurt his ears. After the two hour ride, the van was stopped in Golden, Colorado to pick up others; he told his captives that he was cold and asked for warmer clothing or to heat the back end which they refused to do, that the speaker in the back was turned up too loud and hurt his ears, and that he was cold, (he acquired a bronchial condition which continues to this day); his captives stated they didn't want to hurt him; and then Goodman began to be questioned about me, Adams, others, and matters concerning his arrest without the presence of an attorney. They informed him that they had secretly been taping conversations at his home with other Coloradans without the benefit of a court order or a warrant probably using the information acquired for an imposter and non-fiduciary bonded attorney general's prejudicial investigation to obtain a subsequent biased grand jury The continuing questioning after suffering cruel but common punishment by the Denver deputies after his and others arrest attempting to get one of them to testify against others all without the court order, without a warrant, and without presence of attorney representation constitutes an intentional felonious misused of public money for unlawful and gainful purposes.

IV. Torture

The purpose of the two-hour ride at a low inclement temperature with the speaker turn-up loud at his age in his seventh year, I believe, was to wear him down, disorient him, and create an abnormal fear that worse things could happen to him if he didn't cooperate with them. The nature of the incident discussed herein constitutes a form of torture defined in 18 U.S.C. § 2340(1)¹ by government agents, calculated to be beneficial for his captives in support of the imposters employing them who unconstitutionally and unlawfully hold public offices, at state and county levels for lack of a constitutionally mandated fiduciary bond (see Sections 2 and 22, Schedule, Colorado Constitution) in support of their criminal interests rather than the public interest.

V. War Crime

¹ "torture" means an act committed by a person acting under color of law specifically intended to inflict severe physical or mental pain or suffering (other than pain or suffering incidental to lawful sanctions) upon another person within his custody or physical control; . . .

No indication was given in the phone call from Jina about a warrant being shown to Larry at any time during phone conversation. The *evidence* contained herein appears to be a series of war crime, one of which is torture as addressed in Footnote No. 1, (18 U.S.C. § 2340(1)), as addressed in 18 U.S.C. §§2441(b)², as addressed in § 2340(2)(A), as further defined to be a prohibit act in § 2341(d)(1)(A), (B), and (I), and as additionally defined under 18 U.S.C. §§2441(d)(2)(A) [FN 2]. Moreover, the violations can be considered breaches of Article III of The Hague Convention IV, 'Respecting the Laws and Customs of War on Land' (1907), also known as the Geneva Convention, which the United States signed in agreement and continues to abide by it as the above cited federal laws signify and verify.

VI. Summation

Section 2, Article II, Colorado Constitution empowers the people, by any method, the right to alter their government, at any level, when they deem it necessary for their safety and happiness; provided only however, that no such action be repugnant to the Constitution of the United States of America. The misuse of publicly appropriated funds by imposters deemed felonious who do not constitutionally holding public office, and then employ local law enforcement agents known for tortuously beneficial effect with others sufficient for the elected sheriff of Denver County to be removed from office constitutes war crimes; therefore, the net effect on Larry and his allies when charged with a statutory crime of racketeering is missapplied and unconstitutional; and his unlawful detention does not rise to that level, Larry's acts cannot be considered as serious as war crimes, and said conduct on the part of government agents violates said Section 2, Article II.

Winfred P. Adams

Major, USAF, Retired

2347 Forest Avenue

Durango, Colorado 81301

5/15/2017 2:29 Pm Date Time

² The circumstances referred to in subsection (a) "War Crimes: Offense": Whoever, whether inside or outside the United States, commits a war crime, in any of the circumstances described in subsection (b), shall be fined under this title or imprisoned for life or any term of years, or both, . . .

⁽b) Circumstances — The circumstances referred to in subsection (a) are that the person committing such war crime or the victim of such war crime is a national of the United States. (d) Common Article 3 violations. — Prohibited conduct. — In subsection (c)(3), the term "grave breach of a common Article 3" means any conduct (such conduct constituting a grave breach of common Article 3 of the international conventions done at Geneva August 12, 12949), as follows: (A) Torture — The act of a person who commits or conspires or attempts to commit, an act specifically intended to inflict severe physical or mental pain or suffering (other than pain or suffering incidental to lawful sanctions) upon another person within his custody or physical control for the purpose of obtaining information or a confession, punishment, intimidation, coercion, or any reason based upon discrimination of any kind.

VERIFICATION

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN TO BY Winfred P. Adams, 2347 Forest Avenue,

Durango, Colorado this 15th day of May, 2017.

My Commission expires: 12/29/2020 Date

Mora.

Mona Lee Kurlander Notary Public State of Colorado Notary ID 20164048885 MY COMMISSION EXPIRES 12/29/2020