2017 Texas Statutes: Penal Code:

Title 2: <u>General Principles of Criminal Responsibility</u>, Chapter 9: <u>Justification Excluding Criminal Responsibility</u>.

https://law.justia.com/codes/texas/2017/penal-code/title-2/chapter-9/

Sub-Chapter C. Protection of Persons:

Sec. 9.31. Self-Defense. (b)

The Use of Force against another Is Not Justified:

(1) in response to verbal provocation alone;

(2) to Resist an Arrest or Search
that the actor Knows
is being Made by a Peace Officer,
Or By a Person
Acting in a Peace Officer's presence
and At His Direction,

even though the Arrest or Search is Unlawful, Unless the Resistance is Justified under Subsection (c);

- (3) if the actor consented to the exact force used or attempted by the other;
- (4) <u>if the actor Provoked the other's use or attempted use of unlawful Force</u>, <u>Unless</u>: (A) the <u>actor abandons the encounter</u>, or clearly communicates to the other his intent to
 - do so reasonably believing he cannot safely abandon the encounter; <u>and</u>
 (B) the other nevertheless continues or attempts to use unlawful force against the actor;

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- (5) if the actor sought an explanation from or discussion with the other person concerning the actor's differences with the other person while the actor was:
 - (A) carrying a weapon in violation of Section 46.02; or
 - (B) possessing or transporting a weapon in violation of Section 46.05.

2017 Texas Statutes: Penal Code:

Title 2: General Principles of Criminal Responsibility,
Chapter 9: Justification Excluding Criminal Responsibility.

https://law.justia.com/codes/texas/2017/penal-code/title-2/chapter-9/

Sub-Chapter C. Protection of Persons:

Sec. 9.31. <u>Self-Defense</u>. (c)

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The Use of Force to Resist an Arrest or Search Is Justified: (1) If,

before the actor offers any resistance,

the Peace Officer (or person acting at his direction) <u>Uses or attempts to use</u> <u>Greater Force than Necessary</u> <u>To Make the Arrest or Search;</u> <u>And</u> (2) <u>When</u>

and to the degree the actor Reasonably Believes

the Force is Immediately Necessary To Protect himself

Against the Peace Officer's (or other person's) use or attempted Use of Greater Force than Necessary.

(d) The <u>Use of Deadly Force is Not Justified</u> under this subchapter <u>Except as</u> provided in Sections 9.32, 9.33, and 9.34.

2017 Texas Statutes: Penal Code:

Title 2: General Principles of Criminal Responsibility,
Chapter 9: Justification Excluding Criminal Responsibility.

https://law.justia.com/codes/texas/2017/penal-code/title-2/chapter-9/

Sub-Chapter C. Protection of Persons:

Sec. 9.31. <u>Self-Defense</u>. (e)

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(e) <u>A person who has a Right</u> <u>To Be Present</u> At the Location Where the Force is Used,

who has not provoked the person against whom the force is used, and who is not engaged in criminal activity at the time the force is used

Is Not Required to Retreat Before Using Force

as described by this section.

(f) For purposes of Subsection (a),

in Determining Whether an Actor
described by Subsection (e)
Reasonably Believed that
the use of Force Was Necessary,
a Finder of Fact may Not Consider
Whether the Actor Failed to Retreat.