2017 Texas Statutes: Penal Code:

Title 2: <u>General Principles of Criminal Responsibility</u>, Chapter 9: <u>Justification Excluding Criminal Responsibility</u>. Sub-Chapter E. <u>Law Enforcement</u>. (<u>Citizen's Arrest</u>) Sec. 9.51. <u>Arrest and Search</u>. (a) https://law.justia.com/codes/texas/2017/penal-code/title-2/chapter-9/

A Peace Officer, Or <u>a Person Acting</u> in a Peace Officer's Presence and At His Direction, **Is Justified** in Using Force against another <u>When</u> and to the degree the actor reasonably believes the force is <u>Immediately Necessary</u> To Make or assist in making an Arrest or Search, Or to Prevent or assist in Preventing Escape after arrest, If: (1) the actor Reasonably Believes the Arrest or Search Is Lawful <u>Or</u>, if the arrest or search is made under a warrant, <u>he Reasonably Believes the Warrant Is Valid;</u> And (2) before using force, the actor manifests his purpose to arrest or search and Identifies Him-self As A Peace Officer Or as One Acting At a Peace Officer's Direction, unless he reasonably believes his purpose and identity are already known by or cannot reasonably be made known to the person to be arrested. (this section continues on accompanying pages.)

2017 Texas Statutes: Penal Code:

Title 2: General Principles of Criminal Responsibility,

Chapter 9: Justification Excluding Criminal Responsibility.

Sub-Chapter E. <u>Law Enforcement</u>.

(Citizen's Arrest) Sec. 9.51. Arrest and Search. (b)

(this section is continued from a previous page.) https://law.justia.com/codes/texas/2017/penal-code/title-2/chapter-9/

A Person Other Than a Peace Officer (or one acting at his direction) Is Justified in Using Force against another When and to the degree the actor Reasonably Believes the Force is Immediately Necessary To Make or assist in making a Lawful Arrest, or to prevent or assist in preventing escape after lawful arrest If,

before using force, <u>the actor Manifests</u> <u>his Purpose</u> to <u>And the Reason For the Arrest</u> or reasonably believes his purpose and the reason are already known by or cannot reasonably be made known to the person to be arrested.

(c) <u>A Peace Officer Is Justified in Using Deadly Force against another</u> <u>When and to the degree</u> <u>the Peace Officer Reasonably Believes</u> <u>the Deadly Force is Immediately Necessary</u> <u>To Make an Arrest, or to Prevent Escape</u> after arrest, <u>If the Use of Force would have been Justified under Subsection (a)</u> <u>and: (1) the actor Reasonably Believes</u> <u>The Conduct for which arrest is authorized</u> <u>Included the Use or attempted use Of Deadly Force;</u> <u>Or (2) the actor Reasonably Believes There Is a Substantial Risk that</u> <u>the Person to be arrested Will Cause</u> Death or <u>Serious Bodily Injury</u> <u>to the actor or another If the Arrest is Delayed</u>. 2017 <u>Texas Statutes</u>: <u>Penal Code</u>: Title 2: <u>General Principles of Criminal Responsibility</u>, Chapter 9: <u>Justification Excluding Criminal Responsibility</u>. Sub-Chapter E. <u>Law Enforcement</u>.

(Citizen's Arrest) Sec. 9.51. Arrest and Search. (d)

(this section is continued from a previous page.) https://law.justia.com/codes/texas/2017/penal-code/title-2/chapter-9/

(d) <u>A Person Other Than a Peace Officer</u> <u>Acting in a Peace Officer's Presence and At His Direction</u> <u>Is Justified in Using Deadly Force</u> against another <u>When and to the degree</u> <u>the person Reasonably Believes the Deadly Force is Immediately Necessary</u> <u>To Make a Lawful Arrest,</u> <u>or to Prevent Escape</u> after a Lawful Arrest, <u>If the use of force would have been Justified under Subsection (b)</u> <u>and: (1) the actor Reasonably Believes</u> <u>the Felony or Offense Against the Public Peace</u> for which arrest is authorized <u>Included the Use or attempted use of Deadly Force;</u> <u>Or (2) the actor Reasonably Believes there is a Substantial Risk</u> that <u>the Person to be Arrested Will Cause Death or Serious Bodily Injury</u> to another <u>If the Arrest is Delayed</u>.

> (e) <u>There is No Duty To Retreat</u> <u>Before Using Deadly Force Justified</u> by Subsection (c) or (d).

(f) <u>Nothing In This Section</u> relating to the actor's manifestation of purpose or identity <u>Shall Be Construed as Conflicting With any Other Law</u> relating to the issuance, service, and <u>execution of an Arrest or Search Warrant</u> either <u>Under the Laws of This State Or the United States</u>.

> (g) Deadly force may only be used under the circumstances enumerated in Subsections (c) and (d).

> > Sec. 9.52. Prevention of Escape from Custody.

<u>The Use of Force To Prevent the Escape</u> of an arrested person from custody <u>Is Justifiable</u> When the force could have been employed to effect the arrest under which the person is in custody, except that a guard employed by a correctional facility or <u>a Peace Officer Is Justified in Using</u> Any Force, including <u>Deadly Force</u>, that he reasonably believes to be <u>Immediately Necessary</u> <u>To Prevent the Escape</u> of a person from the correctional facility.

Sec. 9.53. Maintaining Security in Correctional Facility.

An officer or employee of a correctional facility is justified in using force against a person in custody when and to the degree the officer or employee Reasonably Believes the force is Necessary to Maintain the Security of the Correctional Facility, the Safety or Security of other Persons in custody or employed by the correctional facility, or His Own Safety or Security.