DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES ¹ (FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN, SOUTHERN DIVISION)

David Schied and Cornell Squires Sui Juris Grievants/Private Attorney Generals and Next Friend to David Easton.' "Enjoined" as Crime Victims / Common Law Grievants / Claimants, v. Case No. 2:15-cv-11840 Judge: Avern Cohn

In their Individual Capacities:

Karen Khalil, Cathleen Dunn, Joseph Bommarito; James Turner; David Holt,; Jonathan Strong; "Police Officer" Butler,; John Schipani; Tracey Schultz-Kobylarz and

Redford Township Police Department; Redford Township 17th District Court; Charter Township of Redford; Charter County of Wayne Michigan; Municipal Risk Management Authority ("MMRMA"); The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania ("ICSOP"); American International Group, Inc. ("AIG"); DOES 1-10; Defendants

CRIME VICTIM AND COMMON LAW GRIEVANT DAVID EASTON'S <u>"AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS"</u> <u>IN SUPPORT OF</u> <u>"JOINDER" CLAIMS OF CONSTITUTIONAL TORTS</u> <u>BASED ON</u> <u>THE FIRST AMENDMENT PETITION CLAUSE</u> <u>AND</u> <u>EVIDENCE OF DOMESTIC TERRORISM</u>

¹ "The term 'District Courts of the United States,' as used in the rules, without an addition expressing a wider connotation, has its historic significance. It describes the constitutional courts created under article 3 of the Constitution. Courts of the Territories are legislative courts, properly speaking, and are not District Courts of the United States. We have often held that vesting a territorial court with jurisdiction similar to that vested in the District Courts of the United States does not make it a 'District Court of the United States." *Mookini v. United States*, 303 U.S. 201 (1938) citing from *Reynolds v. United States*, 98 U.S. 145 , 154; *The City of Panama*, 101 U.S. 453 , 460; *In re Mills*, 135 U.S. 263, 268 , 10 S.Ct. 762; *McAllister v. United States*, 141 U.S. 174, 182 , 183 S., 11 S.Ct. 949; *Stephens v. Cherokee Nation*, 174 U.S. 445, 476 , 477 S., 19 S.Ct. 722; *Summers v. United States*, 289 U.S. 159, 163 , 53 S. Ct. 574.

Sui Juris Grievants / Next Friends and Co-Private Attorney Generals David Schied and Cornell Squires and David Easton

P.O. Box 1378 Novi, Michigan 48376 248-974-7703

Defendants The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania AND American International Group, Inc. Plunkett Cooney Charles Browning Warren White 38505 Woodward Ave., Suite 2000 Bloomfield Hills, Michigan 48304 248-901-4000

Defendants Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority James T. Mellon Mellon Pries, P.C. 2150 Butterfield Dr., Ste. 100 Troy, Michigan 48084-3427 248-649-1330 <u>Defendant</u>

Charter County of Wayne Davidde A. Stella Zenna Elhasan Wayne County Corporation Counsel 500 Griswold St., 11th Floor Detroit, Michigan 48226 313-224-5030

Defendants

Karen Khalil Redford Township 17th District Court Cathleen Dunn John Schipani Redford Township Police Department Joseph Bommarito James Turner David Holt Jonathan Strong "Police Officer" Butler Tracey Schultz-Kobylarz Charter Township of Redford DOES 1-10 Jeffrey Clark, attorney

Cummings, McClorey, Davis & Acho, P.L.C. 33900 Schoolcraft Rd. Livonia, Michigan 48150 734-261-2400

David Schied and Cornell Squires (hereinafter "PGAs Schied and Squires"),

being each of the People², and having established this case as a suit of the

² PEOPLE. "People are supreme, not the state." [Waring vs. the Mayor of Savannah, 60 Georgia at 93]; "The state cannot diminish rights of the people." [Hertado v. California, 100 US 516]; Preamble to the US and Michigan

sovereign^{$\frac{3}{2}$}, acting in their own capacity, herein accept for value the oaths^{$\frac{4}{2}$} and

bonds of all the officers of this court, including attorneys. Having already

presented the initial causes of action to this Article III District Court of the United

Constitutions – "We the people ... do ordain and establish this Constitution...;" "...at the Revolution, the sovereignty devolved on the people; and they are truly the sovereigns of the country, but they are sovereigns without subjects...with none to govern but themselves..." [Chisholm v. Georgia (US) 2 Dall 419, 454, 1 L Ed 440, 455, 2 Dall (1793) pp471-472]: "The people of this State, as the successors of its former sovereign, are entitled to all the rights which formerly belonged to the King by his prerogative." [Lansing v. Smith, 4 Wend. 9 (N.Y.) (1829), 21 Am. Dec. 89 10C Const. Law Sec. 298; 18 C Em.Dom. Sec. 3, 228; 37 C Nav.Wat. Sec. 219; Nuls Sec. 167; 48 C Wharves Sec. 3, 7]. See also, <u>Dred Scott v. Sandford</u>, 60 U.S. 393 (1856) which states: "The words 'people of the United States' and 'citizens' are synonymous terms, and mean the same thing. They both describe the political body who, according to our republican institutions, form the sovereignty, and who hold the power and conduct the Government through their representatives. They are what we familiarly call the 'sovereign people', and every citizen is one of this people, and a constituent member of this sovereignty."

³ <u>McCullock v. Maryland</u>, 4 Wheat 316, 404, 405, states "In the United States, Sovereignty resides in the people, who act through the organs established by the Constitution," and <u>Colten v. Kentucky</u> (1972) 407 U.S. 104, 122, 92 S. Ct. 1953 states; "The constitutional theory is that we the people are the sovereigns, the state and federal officials only our agents." See also, <u>First Trust Co. v. Smith</u>, 134 Neb.; 277 SW 762, which states in pertinent part, "The theory of the American political system is that the ultimate sovereignty is in the people, from whom all legitimate authority springs, and the people collectively, acting through the medium of constitutions, create such governmental agencies, endow them with such powers, and subject them to such limitations as in their wisdom will best promote the common good."

⁴OATHS. <u>Article VI</u>: "This Constitution, and the laws of the United States... shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby; anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding... All executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this Constitution." States as a *court of record*^{\underline{b}}, *PGA Schied* and *PGA Squires* hereby proceed according to the course of Common Law^{\underline{b}}.

This court and the opposing parties should all take notice WE DO NOT

CONSENT to the reference of parties named as "grievants" and/or as Private

Attorney Generals as otherwise being corporate fictions in ALL CAPS of

lettering as "plaintiff" (e.g., "DAVID SCHIED, plaintiff"). Note that all

"summons" were issued with notice to all co-Defendants that Grievant David

Schied is "sui juris."

WE DO NOT CONSENT to the assignment of this case, otherwise

attempted to be "filed" in Ann Arbor and ultimately filed in Flint, being

subsequently sent to Detroit, in the heart of Wayne County, situated in a building

⁵ "A Court of Record is a judicial tribunal having attributes and exercising functions independently of the person of the magistrate designated generally to hold it, and proceeding according to the course of common law, its acts and proceedings being enrolled for a perpetual memorial". [Jones v. Jones, 188 Mo.App. 220, 175 S.W. 227, 229; Ex parte Gladhill, 8 Metc. Mass., 171, per Shaw, C.J. See also, *Ledwith v. Rosalsky*, 244 N.Y. 406, 155 N.E. 688, 689]. ⁶ COMMON LAW. – According to *Black's Law Dictionary* (Abridged Sixth Edition, 1991): "As distinguished from law created by the enactment of legislatures [admiralty], the common law comprises the body of those principles and rules of action, relating to the government and security of persons and property, which derive their authority solely from usages and customs of immemorial antiquity, or from the judgments and decrees of the courts recognizing, affirming, and enforcing such usages and customs." "[I]n this sense, particularly the ancient unwritten law of England." [1 Kent, Comm. 492. State v. Buchanan, 5 Har. & J. (Md.) 3G5, 9 Am. Dec. 534; Lux v. Ilaggin, G9 Cal. 255, 10 Pac. G74; Western Union Tel. Co. v. Call Pub. Co., 21 S.Ct. 561, 181 U.S. 92, 45 L.Ed. 765; Barry v. Port Jervis, 72 N.Y.S. 104, 64 App. Div. 268; U.S. v. Miller, D.C. Wash., 236 F. 798, 800.]

believed to be leased by Defendant Charter County of Wayne to the United States District Court with a proven proclivity toward contributing to the *domestic terrorism* being carried out, hand-in-hand with state and county government imposters, as <u>usurpers</u> of *The People's* power and authority.

"Silence can only be equated with fraud where there is a legal or moral duty to speak, or where an inquiry left unanswered would be intentionally misleading. . ." <u>U.S. v. Tweel</u>, 550 F.2d 297, 299. See also <u>U.S. v. Prudden</u>, 424 F.2d 1021, 1032; <u>Carmine v. Bowen</u>, 64 A. 932

CONCISE STATEMENT OF ISSUE PRESENTED

The organic Constitution created and ordained by and for the People of the united States of America is the Supreme Law of the Land, and the First Amendment *Petition Clause* guarantees the People the right to redress. The U.S. Supreme Court has determined that such a right is *fundamental*, "*important*," and thus, inviolable in an Article III Court of Record, such as in this instant ongoing case initially filed by *sui juris* Grievant David Schied.

The Supreme Court has also recognized that certain conditions that concern the *public interest* warrant occasions where the filing and litigation of the public's interest by Private Attorney Generals is justified for proper *"standing."* In this case, numerous additional co-Grievants have established *"joinder"* claims against the co-Defendants listed in this case and, having been so enjoined, now speak through the collective advocacy of their fellow claimants as *"Private Attorney Generals,"* being David Schied and Cornell Squires.

At issue in the claims, individually and collectively, is that agents of the co-Defendants – acting under *color of law, simulating legal process*, conducting *legal acts in illegal manners*, while unlawfully *usurping* their unconstitutional exercise of power and authority – are, by formal definition of their acts, *domestic terrorists*. Their claims all have in common First Amendment Petition Clause violations. All of these "*backward-looking access-to-court*" claims involve both *predicate* and *secondary* level offenses that have resulted from multi-tiered denials of due process by *judicial usurpers* and others who hold membership in a thoroughly corrupted State BAR of Michigan.

This instant filing presents the proper facts supporting the basis for enjoining the Affiant, who has similar claims against the co-Defendants and their corporately contracted "*errors and omissions*" excess insurance policy and its accompanying \$100 Billion "*domestic terrorism*" coverage.

SWORN AND NOTARIZED AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS (by David Easton)

STATE OF MICHIGAN)) SS WAYNE COUNTY)

David Easton, being first duly sworn, states that:

- 1. I have personal knowledge of the facts contained herein.
- 2. If sworn as a witness, I can testify completely to the facts contained in this Affidavit.
- 3. I was born in the United States and, as a living human being, I have lived here my whole life as a sovereign, being one of *We*, *The People*.
- 4. I have in the Labor's Local 1191 union since 1987 with 22 credit years invested and still in good standing.
- 5. I am aware that Grievant David Schied had filed a federal complaint on or around 5/21/15 against the Charter County of Wayne, against their "errors and omissions" insurance contract with the Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania ("ICSOP"), and against their corporate affiliate, the American Insurance Group ("AIG"), as well as numerous other co-Defendants named in their corporate personage or in their individual capacities.
- 6. I have the same or similar claims to Grievant Schied in that my First Amendment right-to-redress on the initial level (i.e., "*predicate*") claims was violated by *usurpers* of government power and authority, constituting various forms of judicial misconduct and other criminal misconduct, corruption, racketeering, and ultimately *domestic terrorism*.
- I have "backward-looking access-to-court" claims, meaning: <u>a</u>) that I was denied access to the court through the intentional suppression, preventing disclosure, and/or denial of evidence critical to a previous or "predicate" suit;
 <u>b</u>) by the government otherwise impeding or thwarting my claim or potential

claim; <u>c</u>) by denying me due process of proceedings, by unfair and/or discriminatory treatment as a poor litigant or a litigant without an attorney or through attorney threats or extortion; and/or d) through other means of preventing and/or undermining the litigation of my initial claims of wrongdoing.

- 8. I also assert that the above denials of my rights constituted intentional, shocking and egregious wrongdoings of malice, tort, humiliation, embarrassment, and the institution of "*state created dangers*" against me, such that I became so restrain in my rights of liberty that I was rendered unable to care for myself. What I mean is that the agents of the Charter County of Wayne acted affirmatively and in a *secondary-level* of conspiracy with others to create certain such dangers against me, and/or to render me more vulnerable to such dangers to my inviolable rights.
- 9. I am aware that the Supreme Court of New York has established a proper definition of "dangerous to human life" by way of ruling in <u>Cochran v. Sess</u>, 168 NY 372, 61 N.E. 639 where Judge O'Brien essentially defined such danger as being "so threatening as to constitute an impending danger to persons in the enjoyment of their legitimate rights."
- 10. These wrongful actions of *terrorists*, as agents of the Charter County of Wayne who have and continue to be acting additionally on their own behalves, have forced me into a position of having dignitary and reputational as well as financial injuries, emotional and mental harm; and ultimately, have led to my loss of positive standing in my community, and have forced grave emotional suffering onto my family.
- 11. These wrongful actions referenced herein constitute "*compensable injuries*" against me as a real party of interest, and "*damages*" for which I am entitled to just compensation by this instant First Amendment redress.
- 12.I, like many others I know have placed a certain degree of trust in our government bodies, expecting individual state actors to implement rules and regulations, to provide services, create order, mete out justice, and in general, to safeguard societal interests. Such trust is compelled in part by the government's monopoly on police power and rule-creation, which creates an unavoidable dependency of the public upon government officers' *faithful performance* of

their duties of office and within the bounds of the state and federal constitutions, statutes, and rules. I realize that their refusal to follow these guidelines creates a power imbalance and makes the citizenry particularly vulnerable to government <u>coercion</u>. In all, these factors align to give government <u>usurpers</u> a unique ability not only to harm me but to harm the greater number of people around me, with even greater ramifications for our society.

- 13.I am aware of the United States' formal definition of "*domestic terrorism*" as depicted by <u>18 U.S.C. § 2331</u> as also published on the FBI's official website found at: <u>https://www.fbi.gov/about-us/investigate/terrorism/terrorism-definition</u>.
- 14.Based on the above definition, I hereby declare that I am both *witness* and *victim* of "*acts dangerous to my life*" and to my inviolable constitutionallyguaranteed rights; and declare that I am both *witness* and *victim* to the *coercion*" and/or to the "*kidnapping*" of my local population, and the <u>coercion of the</u> <u>government</u> otherwise instituted by We, The People, which altogether constitutes "domestic terrorism" by that above definition.
- 15.I am aware that to prevent a collapse of American freedom and social order, the community as a whole must take steps to ensure that the legitimate "*empowering function*" of government prevails, and that we must each see personally that the constitutional guarantees for *We*, *The People* are effectively enforced at both the state and the federal levels.
- 16. Based on the above stated facts and my being *a real party of interest* without the competence to litigate this complex case myself, I have asked Grievant David Schied to enjoin my First Amendment denial-of-access claim with his own ongoing case against the Charter County of Wayne; and while adding my claims against the charter county's insurance contract on an "*errors and omissions*" policy which, according to information and belief, also covers acts of *domestic terrorism* as defined above.
- 17.Because I am unskilled in litigating my own interests in this type of matter, I rely upon my common law right to appoint David Schied and Cornell Squires as my "*next friend*." I neither wish to be represented by an attorney nor can I afford one financially. I understanding that the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure

Rule 17 allow for my appointment of a "*next friend*," and Rule 18 allows for this enjoinment of my case to the pre-existing case holding similar claims against common co-Defendants.

- 18.I am aware that the legal advocacy of Private Attorney Generals David Schied and Cornell Squires, in enjoining my legal claims with those of the existing claimant or claimants similarly situated in the case referenced on page 1 of this document, is legitimate. They each and together have both my permission and my confidence in advocating on my behalf even as I maintain full responsibility for my private interests through them in this matter as fellow sovereigns, and by me being like them, as another of *We*, *The People* having been personally damaged and retaining all rights to redress and compensation for my injuries.
- 19. I am incorporating within this "Sworn and Notarized Affidavit..." the accompanying "<u>Exhibit A</u>" as my "<u>Concise Statement of Specific Facts</u>" relating to the backward-looking predicate case to which I was denied access to the court through secondary violations of my First Amendment rights.

<u>EXHIBIT A</u> – "<u>CONCISE STATEMENT OF SPECIFIC FACTS</u>"

- A. I once owned my dream house. I bought it for \$160,000 and had made regular monthly payments for over ten (10) years. The home sat on three lots and was surrounded by four more lots in an unusually spacious Down River area in Melvindale. It had a creek that ran right through my yard. I raised my family there. I had a wonderful woman, a boy – soon to be a man – and with two family dogs. I lost it all at the hands of domestic terrorists who were pretending to be acting as bankers, lawyers, and government officials.
- B. About the time I was going through my ordeal, which started with the Countrywide Debacle around 2009 and was followed through with crimes against me by Bank of America and the Trott & Trott foreclosure mill law firm, my mother was going through cancer treatment. She never made it; but before she passed, she allocated a portion of her life earnings towards helping me to pay ahead, and in lump-sum fashion, on what she knew was my dream home. Thanks to my mother's loving gift, I was able to pay \$40,000 all at once on the principal owed on that house that those domestic terrorists connived in 2010 to successfully steal from me in 2012. Again, I

lost everything from all of my banking and payment paperwork to all of my family heirlooms, as well as all of the \$110,000 in equity I had invested in that \$200,000 home.

- C. My three-bedroom, three-bath house with a finished basement was located at 24630 Outer Drive in Melvindale. The mental and emotional suffering that I endured, at the hands of these terrorists and during those two years that it took to completely destroy my family, brought me to such a depressed state that I literally became incapacitated and unable to function for a long while.
- D. That torture began when I fell only two months behind on my monthly payments, and soon after paid that amount and got current. Nevertheless, Trott & Trott, acting on behalf of BAC, a.k.a. Bank of America / Countrywide. BAC had apparently purchased that mortgage account from Countrywide about the time that federal agencies were nationally uncovering Countrywide's engagement in mortgage assignment fraud (per bogus data), securities fraud, servicing fraud, and violation of MCL 600.2109 ("recorded conveyance and instruments") which constituted felony violations of the Deceptive Trade Practices Act. Trott & Trott knew about these flaws in Countrywide's data and ruthlessly proceeded anyway with a fraudulent foreclosure against me.
- E. After an investigation of the documents I discovered various frauds and misrepresentation by the Trott attorneys Donald King, Ryan Barr and Ellen Coon, a team of unsavory "*judicial officers*" working for the notorious domestic terrorist, also known as the "*foreclosure king*." I have only more recently come to find out that Trott, who now enjoys prestige and "*honor*" as 11th Congressman as a disguise, and these modern day mobsters under his employ as attorneys, have ruined the lives and families of others using the same vicious and treasonous acts against them that they used against me.
- F. Though I had only been two months behind in payments on a track record of timely payment for a decade, BAC placed me into a category of early foreclosure, sending back to my the payments that would have otherwise made me "current," and placed me into some archaic status of "early foreclosure" and refusing any further payments from me. In essence, despite federal TARP laws that were put in place specifically to deal with

Countrywide's mortgage fraud upon the public, in which I was owed as a matter of law (and based on the "O'Bama Plan"), a "modified loan" to 33 1/3 of my income. I was denied that by BAC and by Trott & Trott attorney for the simple fact that from the beginning these terrorists were intent of raping and plundering my life and my estate.

- G. Based on their greed and their power to destroy, they knowingly and willingly sold my property under false pretenses. All the while the agents of the Trott & Trott foreclosure mill and of the bank intentionally defrauded the public, defrauded the courts, and while committing *prima facie* numerous other federal crimes of mail fraud and wire fraud. Notably, lawyers, and particularly those taking on the responsibilities, privileges and titles of "*judicial officers*," are obliged to disclose faulty foreclosure paperwork, and to abstain from violating the ethics and rules of professional conduct. In fact, <u>18 U.S.C. § 4</u> ("*Misprision of Felony*") mandates the reporting of these types of felonies.
- H. At the point where I found nowhere I could turn, I was compelled to seek help from the Comptroller of the Currency, the Administrator over National Banks in America. The Comptroller conducted an Independent Foreclosure Review ("IFR") as authorized by Congress. That review subsequently concluded that I had been wrongly damaged as a result of these (terrorists) acts against me. The Comptroller awarded me \$6,000 as a pittance for the destruction of my family and the loss of my home.
- I. Here we are in 2016, and I am now still faced with a future of devastation. My credit has been ruined, I have no reasonable ability to obtain housing, transportation, or financial stability because of that ruined credit. Moreover, in 2015, two more filthy terrorists under the employ of Trott & Trott started "collections" on a fraudulent debt they claim is connected with that aforementioned theft of my home. Their names are attorneys Doreen Hoffman (P-42231) and Melissa Lengers (P75190) and they schemed to defraud the court yet again to obtain a "default judgment" against me in the amount of a little more than \$77,000 that I otherwise do not owe, to finish me off. That Wayne County Circuit Court case is No. 15-003397-CK, and the "judicial usurper" in that case, cited with a "Plaintiff" named

"ClearSpring Loan Service, Inc. that I have never heard of in my life, is Muriel Hughes.

- J. My son was torn away from me at the age of 14, and the woman whom I was with for 16 years left me. I have no car and no ability to seek or maintain employment. Until this day, I still suffer from depression. I have lost all of my precious family photos, heirlooms, and the memories that they triggered. My son was compelled to live in inferior housing and to attend inferior schools, which actually caused him to drop out in his senior year of that high school. He is aware that I had to cash in his education bonds to pay for my last hope through litigation in the corrupted and sickening, Wayne County (3rd) Circuit Court (case No. 12-001027-CH with "*judge*" Wendy Baxter), the United States District Court (case No. 2:12-cv-10663-GCS-RSW with "judge" George Steeh and Magistrate Steven Whalen) in Detroit, back again to the 3rd Circuit Court (case No. 12-001062-AV with "*judge*" Wendy Baxter), and to the 24th District Court (case No. 11-38856M with "*judge*" Richard Page) that I was dragged through without any form of due process.
- K. I beg to recon with and correct anyone who says that the judiciary operating in Michigan, from top to bottom, isn't thoroughly corrupt and run by *domestic terrorists*.

Further, Affiant sayeth not.

326-16

David Easton

Date

STATE OF MICHIGAN

) SS

)

)

OAKLAND COUNTY

On this 26 day of March, 2016, before me appeared DAv_1O Easton) to me known or identified to me to be the person described in and who executed the forgoing instrument.

Cornell E Surre, SI NOTARY PUBLIC

06-18-21 MY COMMISSION EXPIRES

SOUIRES SR E. CO TE OF MICHIGAN My Commission cling in the County o

(notary stamp and/or seal)