

**DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES<sup>1</sup>**  
**(FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN, SOUTHERN DIVISION)**

David Schied and Cornell Squires  
*Sui Juris Grievants/Private Attorney Generals*  
and Next Friend to Gloria D. Jones' "*Enjoined*" as  
*Crime Victims / Common Law Grievants / Claimants,*

Case No. 2:15-cv-11840  
Judge: Avern Cohn

v.

*In their Individual Capacities:*

Karen Khalil, Cathleen Dunn, Joseph Bommarito; James Turner; David Holt,;  
Jonathan Strong; "Police Officer" Butler,; John Schipani; Tracey Schultz-Kobylarz  
and

Redford Township Police Department; Redford Township 17th District Court;  
Charter Township of Redford; Charter County of Wayne Michigan; Municipal  
Risk Management Authority ("MMRMA"); The Insurance Company of the State  
of Pennsylvania ("ICSOP"); American International Group, Inc. ("AIG"); DOES 1-10;

*Defendants* /

**CRIME VICTIM AND COMMON LAW GRIEVANT GLORIA D. JONES'**  
**"AFFIDAVIT OF FACTS"**  
**IN SUPPORT OF**  
**"JOINDER" CLAIMS OF CONSTITUTIONAL TORTS**  
**BASED ON**  
**THE FIRST AMENDMENT PETITION CLAUSE**  
**AND**  
**EVIDENCE OF DOMESTIC TERRORISM**

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<sup>1</sup> "The term 'District Courts of the United States,' as used in the rules, without an addition expressing a wider connotation, has its historic significance. It describes the constitutional courts created under article 3 of the Constitution. Courts of the Territories are legislative courts, properly speaking, and are not District Courts of the United States. We have often held that vesting a territorial court with jurisdiction similar to that vested in the District Courts of the United States does not make it a 'District Court of the United States.'" *Mookini v. United States*, 303 U.S. 201 (1938) citing from *Reynolds v. United States*, 98 U.S. 145 , 154; *The City of Panama*, 101 U.S. 453 , 460; *In re Mills*, 135 U.S. 263, 268 , 10 S.Ct. 762; *McAllister v. United States*, 141 U.S. 174, 182 , 183 S., 11 S.Ct. 949; *Stephens v. Cherokee Nation*, 174 U.S. 445, 476 , 477 S., 19 S.Ct. 722; *Summers v. United States*, 231 U.S. 92, 101 , 102 S., 34 S.Ct. 38; *United States v. Burroughs*, 289 U.S. 159, 163 , 53 S. Ct. 574.

*Sui Juris Grievants / Next Friends and  
Co-Private Attorney Generals  
David Schied and Cornell Squires  
and Gloria D. Jones*

P.O. Box 1378  
Novi, Michigan 48376  
248-974-7703

Defendants

**The Insurance Company of the  
State of Pennsylvania**

AND

**American International Group, Inc.**

Plunkett Cooney  
Charles Browning  
Warren White  
38505 Woodward Ave., Suite 2000  
Bloomfield Hills, Michigan 48304  
248-901-4000

Defendants

**Michigan Municipal Risk**

**Management Authority**

James T. Mellon  
Mellon Pries, P.C.  
2150 Butterfield Dr., Ste. 100  
Troy, Michigan 48084-3427  
248-649-1330

Defendant

**Charter County of Wayne**

Davidde A. Stella  
Zenna Elhasan  
Wayne County Corporation Counsel  
500 Griswold St., 11<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Detroit, Michigan 48226  
313-224-5030

Defendants

**Karen Khalil  
Redford Township 17<sup>th</sup> District Court  
Cathleen Dunn  
John Schipani  
Redford Township Police Department  
Joseph Bommarito  
James Turner  
David Holt  
Jonathan Strong  
"Police Officer" Butler  
Tracey Schultz-Kobylarz  
Charter Township of Redford  
DOES 1-10**

Jeffrey Clark, attorney  
Cummings, McClorey, Davis & Acho, P.L.C.  
33900 Schoolcraft Rd.  
Livonia, Michigan 48150  
734-261-2400

David Schied and Cornell Squires (hereinafter "*PGAs Schied and Squires*"),  
being each **of the People**<sup>2</sup>, and having established this case as a *suit of the*

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<sup>2</sup> PEOPLE. "*People are supreme, not the state.*" [*Waring vs. the Mayor of Savannah*, 60 Georgia at 93]; "*The state cannot diminish rights of the people.*" [*Hertado v. California*, 100 US 516]; Preamble to the US and Michigan

sovereign<sup>3</sup>, acting in their own capacity, herein accept for value the oaths<sup>4</sup> and bonds of all the officers of this court, including attorneys. Having already presented the initial causes of action to this Article III District Court of the United

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Constitutions – “*We the people ... do ordain and establish this Constitution...;*”  
“...at the Revolution, the sovereignty devolved on the people; and they are truly the sovereigns of the country, but they are sovereigns without subjects...with none to govern but themselves...” [*Chisholm v. Georgia* (US) 2 Dall 419, 454, 1 L Ed 440, 455, 2 Dall (1793) pp471-472]: “*The people of this State, as the successors of its former sovereign, are entitled to all the rights which formerly belonged to the King by his prerogative.*” [*Lansing v. Smith*, 4 Wend. 9 (N.Y.) (1829), 21 Am. Dec. 89 10C Const. Law Sec. 298; 18 C Em.Dom. Sec. 3, 228; 37 C Nav.Wat. Sec. 219; Nuls Sec. 167; 48 C Wharves Sec. 3, 7]. See also, *Dred Scott v. Sandford*, 60 U.S. 393 (1856) which states: “*The words 'people of the United States' and 'citizens' are synonymous terms, and mean the same thing. They both describe the political body who, according to our republican institutions, form the sovereignty, and who hold the power and conduct the Government through their representatives. They are what we familiarly call the 'sovereign people', and every citizen is one of this people, and a constituent member of this sovereignty.*”

<sup>3</sup> *McCullock v. Maryland*, 4 Wheat 316, 404, 405, states “*In the United States, Sovereignty resides in the people, who act through the organs established by the Constitution,*” and *Colten v. Kentucky* (1972) 407 U.S. 104, 122, 92 S. Ct. 1953 states; “*The constitutional theory is that we the people are the sovereigns, the state and federal officials only our agents.*” See also, *First Trust Co. v. Smith*, 134 Neb.; 277 SW 762, which states in pertinent part, “*The theory of the American political system is that the ultimate sovereignty is in the people, from whom all legitimate authority springs, and the people collectively, acting through the medium of constitutions, create such governmental agencies, endow them with such powers, and subject them to such limitations as in their wisdom will best promote the common good.*”

<sup>4</sup> OATHS. Article VI: “*This Constitution, and the laws of the United States... shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every State shall be bound thereby; anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding... All executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several States, shall be bound by oath or affirmation to support this Constitution.*”

States as a *court of record*<sup>5</sup>, *PGA Schied* and *PGA Squires* hereby proceed according to the course of Common Law<sup>6</sup>.

This court and the opposing parties should all take notice **WE DO NOT CONSENT to the reference of parties named as “grievants” and/or as Private Attorney Generals as otherwise being corporate fictions in ALL CAPS of lettering as “plaintiff”** (e.g., “DAVID SCHIED, plaintiff”). **Note that all “summons” were issued with notice to all co-Defendants that Grievant David Schied is “sui juris.”**

**WE DO NOT CONSENT** to the assignment of this case, otherwise attempted to be “*filed*” in Ann Arbor and ultimately filed in Flint, being subsequently sent to Detroit, in the heart of Wayne County, situated in a building

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<sup>5</sup> “A Court of Record is a judicial tribunal having attributes and exercising functions independently of the person of the magistrate designated generally to hold it, and proceeding according to the course of common law, its acts and proceedings being enrolled for a perpetual memorial”. [*Jones v. Jones*, 188 Mo.App. 220, 175 S.W. 227, 229; *Ex parte Gladhill*, 8 Metc. Mass., 171, per Shaw, C.J. See also, *Ledwith v. Rosalsky*, 244 N.Y. 406, 155 N.E. 688, 689].

<sup>6</sup> COMMON LAW. – According to *Black’s Law Dictionary* (Abridged Sixth Edition, 1991): “As distinguished from law created by the enactment of legislatures [admiralty], the common law comprises the body of those principles and rules of action, relating to the government and security of persons and property, which derive their authority solely from usages and customs of immemorial antiquity, or from the judgments and decrees of the courts recognizing, affirming, and enforcing such usages and customs.” “[I]n this sense, particularly the ancient unwritten law of England.” [1 Kent, Comm. 492. *State v. Buchanan*, 5 Har. & J. (Md.) 3G5, 9 Am. Dec. 534; *Lux v. Ilaggin*, G9 Cal. 255, 10 Pac. G74; *Western Union Tel. Co. v. Call Pub. Co.*, 21 S.Ct. 561, 181 U.S. 92, 45 L.Ed. 765; *Barry v. Port Jervis*, 72 N.Y.S. 104, 64 App. Div. 268; *U. S. v. Miller*, D.C. Wash., 236 F. 798, 800.]

believed to be leased by Defendant Charter County of Wayne to the United States District Court with a proven proclivity toward contributing to the *domestic terrorism* being carried out, hand-in-hand with state and county government imposters, as usurpers of *The People's* power and authority.

*“Silence can only be equated with fraud where there is a legal or moral duty to speak, or where an inquiry left unanswered would be intentionally misleading. . .” U.S. v. Tweel, 550 F.2d 297, 299. See also U.S. v. Prudden, 424 F.2d 1021, 1032; Carmine v. Bowen, 64 A. 932*

## CONCISE STATEMENT OF ISSUE PRESENTED

The organic Constitution created and ordained by and for the People of the united States of America is the Supreme Law of the Land, and the First Amendment *Petition Clause* guarantees the People the right to redress. The U.S. Supreme Court has determined that such a right is *fundamental*, “*important*,” and thus, inviolable in an Article III Court of Record, such as in this instant ongoing case initially filed by *sui juris* Grievant David Schied.

The Supreme Court has also recognized that certain conditions that concern the *public interest* warrant occasions where the filing and litigation of the public’s interest by Private Attorney Generals is justified for proper “*standing*.” In this case, numerous additional co-Grievants have established “*joinder*” claims against the co-Defendants listed in this case and, having been so enjoined, now speak through the collective advocacy of their fellow claimants as “*Private Attorney Generals*,” being David Schied and Cornell Squires.

At issue in the claims, individually and collectively, is that agents of the co-Defendants – acting under *color of law*, *simulating legal process*, conducting *legal acts in illegal manners*, while unlawfully *usurping* their unconstitutional exercise of power and authority – are, by formal definition of their acts, *domestic terrorists*. Their claims all have in common First Amendment *Petition Clause* violations. All of these “*backward-looking access-to-court*” claims involve both *predicate* and *secondary* level offenses that have resulted from multi-tiered denials of due process by *judicial usurpers* and others who hold membership in a thoroughly corrupted State BAR of Michigan.

This instant filing presents the proper facts supporting the basis for enjoining the Affiant, who has similar claims against the co-Defendants and their corporately contracted “*errors and omissions*” excess insurance policy and its accompanying \$100 Billion “*domestic terrorism*” coverage.



b) by the government otherwise impeding or thwarting my claim or potential claim; c) by denying me due process of proceedings, by unfair and/or discriminatory treatment as a poor litigant or a litigant without an attorney or through attorney threats or extortion; and/or d) through other means of preventing and/or undermining the litigation of my initial claims of wrongdoing.

8. I also assert that the above denials of my rights constituted intentional, shocking and egregious wrongdoings of malice, tort, humiliation, embarrassment, and the institution of “*state created dangers*” against me, such that I became so restrain in my rights of liberty that I was rendered unable to care for myself. What I mean is that the agents of the Charter County of Wayne acted affirmatively and in a *secondary-level* of conspiracy with others to create certain such dangers against me, and/or to render me more vulnerable to such dangers to my inviolable rights.
9. I am aware that the Supreme Court of New York has established a proper definition of “*dangerous to human life*” by way of ruling in *Cochran v. Sess*, 168 NY 372, 61 N.E. 639 where Judge O’Brien essentially defined such danger as being “*so threatening as to constitute an impending danger to persons in the enjoyment of their legitimate rights.*”
10. These wrongful actions of *terrorists*, as agents of the Charter County of Wayne who have and continue to be acting additionally on their own behalves, have forced me into a position of having dignitary and reputational as well as financial injuries, emotional and mental harm; and ultimately, have led to my loss of positive standing in my community, and have forced grave emotional suffering onto my family.
11. These wrongful actions referenced herein constitute “*compensable injuries*” against me as a real party of interest, and “*damages*” for which I am entitled to just compensation by this instant First Amendment redress.
12. I, like many others I know have placed a certain degree of trust in our government bodies, expecting individual state actors to implement rules and regulations, to provide services, create order, mete out justice, and in general, to safeguard societal interests. Such trust is compelled in part by the government's monopoly on police power and rule-creation, which creates an unavoidable

dependency of the public upon government officers' *faithful performance* of their duties of office and within the bounds of the state and federal constitutions, statutes, and rules. I realize that their refusal to follow these guidelines creates a power imbalance and makes the citizenry particularly vulnerable to government *coercion*. In all, these factors align to give government *usurpers* a unique ability not only to harm me but to harm the greater number of people around me, with even greater ramifications for our society.

13. I am aware of the United States' formal definition of "*domestic terrorism*" as depicted by 18 U.S.C. 2331 as also published on the FBI's official website found at: <https://www.fbi.gov/about-us/investigate/terrorism/terrorism-definition>.

14. Based on the above definition, I hereby declare that I am both *witness* and *victim* of "*acts dangerous to my life*" and to my inviolable constitutionally-guaranteed rights; and declare that I am both *witness* and *victim* to the *coercion*" and/or to the "*kidnapping*" of my local population, and the *coercion of the government* otherwise instituted by *We, The People*, which altogether constitutes "*domestic terrorism*" by that above definition.

15. I am aware that to prevent a collapse of American freedom and social order, the community as a whole must take steps to ensure that the legitimate "*empowering function*" of government prevails, and that we must each see personally that the constitutional guarantees for *We, The People* are effectively enforced at both the state and the federal levels.

16. Based on the above stated facts and my being *a real party of interest* without the competence to litigate this complex case myself, I have asked Grievant David Schied to enjoin my First Amendment denial-of-access claim with his own ongoing case against the Charter County of Wayne; and while adding my claims against the charter county's insurance contract on an "*errors and omissions*" policy which, according to information and belief, also covers acts of *domestic terrorism* as defined above.

17. Because I am unskilled in litigating my own interests in this type of matter, I rely upon my common law right to appoint David Schied and Cornell Squires as my "*next friend*." I neither wish to be represented by an attorney nor can I

afford one financially. I understanding that the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure Rule 17 allow for my appointment of a “*next friend*,” and Rule 18 allows for this enjoinder of my case to the pre-existing case holding similar claims against common co-Defendants.

18. I am aware that the legal advocacy of Private Attorney Generals David Schied and Cornell Squires, in enjoining my legal claims with those of the existing claimant or claimants similarly situated in the case referenced on page 1 of this document, is legitimate. They each and together have both my permission and my confidence in advocating on my behalf even as I maintain full responsibility for my private interests through them in this matter as fellow sovereigns, and by me being like them, as another of *We, The People* having been personally damaged and retaining all rights to redress and compensation for my injuries.
19. I am incorporating within this “*Sworn and Notarized Affidavit...*” the accompanying “*Exhibit A*” as my “*Concise Statement of Specific Facts*” relating to the backward-looking *predicate* case to which I was denied access to the court through *secondary* violations of my First Amendment rights.

**EXHIBIT A – “CONCISE STATEMENT OF SPECIFIC FACTS”**

- A. I have two differing cases for which I was denied my First Amendment right-to-redress in the court. The first case involved my suit against a State BAR of Michigan attorney by the name of Steve Lockhart. The second case involved conspiracy between the City of Detroit and the Charter County of Wayne on unlawfully assessed property taxes on four properties that I own, two lots and a home.
- B. All of my problems began around December 2013 when the Emergency Manager law went into effect for the City of Detroit and it was rumored that the City of Detroit was going to cut the retirement pay of police officers ninety percent and leave us with only ten percent of that as our income. Based on that rumor, I filed for bankruptcy around 2014 to protect my assets.
- C. Then in 2015, the agents of Wayne County Treasurer – being first Raymond Wojtowicz then Richard Hathaway who quit his job after two months of

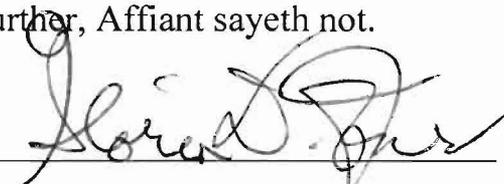
service to the county – sent me three different bills for taxes due for 2014 on three different properties that I own. The bills were for payments that I had already made and had proof of payments.

- D. As one example of the “*payment plan*” proposed on just one of the three billing statements, I was informed that if I paid \$51.55 in February of 2016, I would owe no further debt on that property. If I did not pay that extortion amount, then in March the amount owed would become the outrageous amount of \$258.92. The two other bills followed the same example of extortion with excessive jumps in amounts as penalties for nonpayment of something that I have proof that I already paid and that I do not even owe.
- E. In January of 2016, I went personally to the City of Detroit Treasury office to get a printout of that current billing for the tax year of 2015. That bill reflected a total of about \$67 for all three lots, but I found an added water billing entry of \$2,175 on a vacant lot for which I have never before had a water bill.
- F. In March of 2016, I received three updated notices from the Charter County of Wayne on those same three property lots. Along with those three billing notices came three foreclosure notices on all three of my lots.
- G. I believe that based on the above sequence of events that I am being target for fraud by the City of Detroit’s Treasury Department and by the Charter County of Wayne. The agents of the City of Detroit are holding my property hostage while extorting a fraudulent charge of \$2,175 from me. Meanwhile, the agents of the Charter County of Wayne are extorting my three lot properties from me based upon excessive interest charges that rival the illegal business practices of loan sharks.
- H. With regard to my suit against the State BAR attorney Steve Lockhart, it started with him being the court appointed defense attorney for my son and me in a case involving police brutality. Lockhart then between 1995 and 1998 successfully defended my son and me, and I subsequently hire him to file a new civil case against the state trooper that had assaulted us. Lockhart then turned around and, in derelict fashion, let the statutes of limitations run out for those three years before ever filing our case against the state trooper.

- I. Thereafter in 1998, I filed suit against Lockhart for professional negligence. My *pro se* case against Lockhart went through the Wayne County Circuit Court until 2001. In that time, Lockhart was promoted to becoming a 36<sup>th</sup> District Court magistrate. As a probable result, Lockhart went from pleading his own case “*pro se*” to hiring his own attorney to fight the case against me. Subsequently, I was denied my First Amendment right to access the court. I was treated with contempt, and what appeared to me to be shocking and egregious displays of other forms of prejudicial treatment by the judge; and I was denied due process and denied the jury trial that I otherwise paid a fee to have.
- J. Just recently, two associates of mine, Cliff and Mary Stafford were being represented by Lockhart and another attorney in parallel criminal cases for which there was literally no substantive evidence to even prosecute, much less than convict. My understanding of the events that took place in both of the Stafford cases comes by word of mouth of the eyewitnesses to the events that took place in the courtroom of “judicial usurper” Michael Hathaway, and through the investigative journalism of eyewitness Diane Bukowski who writes for the *Voice of Detroit* online newspaper. What was revealed about the prosecution of the Staffords has led to the conclusion of those eyewitnesses that the Staffords were allowed to be “*railroaded*” by the corrupt “*judge*” and the derelict defense attorneys. This apparently was the same type of “*kangaroo court*” I received when I had tried to sue a State BAR of Michigan attorney in the Wayne County Circuit Court over a decade earlier. Clearly, nothing has changed and this is a *pattern and practice* that has continued since my case.
- K. As a result of seeing these types of injustices for myself, and hearing about the harrowing experiences of Mary Stafford in particular, being a woman known as contributor to the community and with no criminal history whatsoever – not even one parking ticket in her 66 years of living in Detroit – and knowing the stories of innumerable others with similar experiences with *terrorism* brought on by the agents of Wayne County, I fear for my life both in my home and outside of my home. I cannot trust anyone claiming to be an agent for the City of Detroit or the Charter County of Wayne. I know others who feel the same way, and fear that this criminal enterprise operating in our

city and county is doing great harm to us personally and to our community in general. There is no government running the city and county. These are plain and simply domestic terrorists.

Further, Affiant sayeth not.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Gloria D. Jones

3-25-2016  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

STATE OF MICHIGAN )

) SS

OAKLAND COUNTY )

On this 25<sup>th</sup> day of March, 2016, before me appeared Gloria D. Jones to me known or identified to me to be the person described in and who executed the forgoing instrument.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
NOTARY PUBLIC

06-18-21  
\_\_\_\_\_  
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES

(notary stamp and/or seal)

