. STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA COUNTY OF GEORGETOWN

First Citizens Bank & Trust Company

Plaintiff,

-VS-

The Personal Representative, if any, whose name is unknown of the Estate of Robert L. McDonald, and any other Heirs-at-Law or Devisees of Robert L. McDonald, Deceased, their heirs, Personal Representatives, Administrators, Successors and Assigns, : Laura Deloney, Michelle McDonald, Sherri McDonald Kaiser, Jonathan McDonald and Coit McDonald and all other persons entitled to claim through them; all unknown persons with any right, title or interest in the real estate described herein; also any persons who may be in the military service of the United States of America, being a class designated as John Doe; and any unknown minors or persons under a disability being a class designated as Richard Roe and Wedgefield Plantation Association,

Defendant(s)

Personal Representative, known as:

Cynthia Moore, executrix
Charles Stewart
Natural Law Church
561 Kings River Rd, Pawleys Island, SC [29585]
Email: cynthiamoore183@gmail.com
843-983-0300

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS CASE NO. 2019-CP-22-00978

JURISDICTIONAL CHALLENGE WITH AFFIDAVIT

FIRST CITIZENS BANK & TRUST COMPANY,

"Plaintiff";

Personal Representative: Cynthia Moore, executrix,

"Defendant(s)".

Theodore Von Keller, (SC Bar# 5718)

NOTICE, not a motion

Attorney for alleged "plaintiff"

Addressed to: Theodore Von Keller,

P.O. Box: 4216,

Columbia, South Carolina, [29240]

Case Number: 2019-CP-22-00978

<u>Jurisdictional Challenge</u> <u>With Affidavit.</u>

Cynthia Moore, executrix by limited appearance to this matter in this court of record with clean hands, without prejudice and with all rights reserved including UCC 1-308 in dealing with this court, in pro per, sui juris (Not Pro-Se), have not seen any evidence that proves how this court got its jurisdiction.

Cynthia Moore, executrix has the right to challenge the jurisdiction of any court that attempts to force compliance with its deceptive practices, procedures, rules, and word-smithing at any time, and this right has been upheld by numerous decisions by the Supreme Court of the United States. Once jurisdiction has been challenged, it is the mandatory obligation of the opposing party to prove the basis of the court having jurisdiction to proceed in the matter before it, and until that has been put on the Record of the court, the court can proceed no further.

Further, the Supreme Court of the United States has ruled that jurisdiction can be **challenged at any time** even as much as 15 (fifteen) years after a judgment has been entered. Decisions of the
Supreme Court of the United States are *mandatory requirement to be complied with by all courts*, state
and federal and leave those courts no discretion as to comply. The following Supreme Court cases set
out the mandatory requirements that must be complied with.

"Once jurisdiction is challenged, the court cannot proceed when it clearly appears that the court lacks jurisdiction, the court has no authority to reach merits, but, rather, should dismiss the action." *Melo v. US*, 505 F2d 1026.

"Where there is no jurisdiction over the subject matter, there is no discretion to ignore that lack of jurisdiction." *Joyce* v. *US*, 474 F2d 215.

"Generally, a plaintiff's allegations of jurisdiction are sufficient, but when they are questioned, as in this case, the burden is on the plaintiff to prove jurisdiction." *Rosemond v. Lambert*, 469 F2d 416.

"Judgment rendered by court which did not have jurisdiction to hear cause is void ab initio." *In Re Application of Wyatt*, 300 P. 132; *Re Cavitt*, 118 P2d 846. "It is elementary that the first question which must be determined by the trial court in every case is that of jurisdiction." *Clary v. Hoagland*, 6 Cal.685; *Dillon v. Dillon*, 45 Cal. App. 191,187P. 27.

The **response** from the **Party/Petitioner/Plaintiff** asserting proper jurisdiction throughout this case must be made on a point by point basis for **all** the moving **Party/Petitioner/Plaintiff** actions, filings and motions are true and correct in relation to the proper State laws, codes, rules, regulations, statutes used to conduct this case that proper jurisdiction was always maintained from the record including the incomplete summons.

"A departure by a court from those recognized and established requirements of law, however close the apparent adherence to mere form in method of procedure, which has the effect of depriving one of a constitutional right, is as much an "excess of jurisdiction" as where there exists an inceptive lack of power." *Wuest v. Wuest*, 53 Cal. App. 2d 339,127P.2d 934.

"A court has no jurisdiction to determine its own jurisdiction for a basic issue in any case before a tribunal is its power to act, and a court must have the authority to decide that question in the first instance." *Rescue Army v. Municipal Court of Los Angeles*, 171 P2d; 331 US 549, 91 L. ed. 1666, 67 S. Ct. 1409.

"Where there is no jurisdiction there is no judge; the proceeding is as nothing. Such has been the law from the days of the Marshalsea." 10 Coke 68; also *Bradley v. Fisher*, 13 Wall 335,351." *Manning v. Ketcham*, 58 F.2d 948.

"A distinction must be here observed between **excess of jurisdiction** and the <u>clear absence of all jurisdiction</u> over the subject-matter <u>any authority exercised is a **usurped authority** and for the exercise of such authority, <u>when the **want of jurisdiction is known** to the judge, **no excuse** is <u>permissible</u>." *Bradley v.Fisher*,13 Wall 335, 351, 352.</u></u>

"Plaintiffs bear the burden of establishing subject matter jurisdiction." *KNAPP MEDICAL CENTER*, *et al.* v. *Eric D. HARGAN*, 875 F.3d 1125, (2017).

"Jurisdiction, once challenged, is to be proven, not by the court, but by the party attempting to assert jurisdiction. The burden of proof of jurisdiction lies with the asserter. The court is only to rule on the sufficiency of the proof tendered." *McNutt v. GMAC*, 298 US 178. Emphasis added. The origins of this doctrine of law may be found in Maxfield's <u>Lessee V Levy</u>, 4 US 308.

In a very recent decision, the Supreme Court unequivocally stated in *James v. City of Boise Idaho*, 136 S. Ct. 685 (2016):

"It is this Court's responsibility to say what a [federal] statute means, and once the Court has spoken, it is the duty of other courts to respect that understanding of the governing rule of law." *Nitro–Lift Technologies, L.L.C. v. Howard*, 568 U.S. ——, ——, 133 S.Ct. 500, 503, 184 L.Ed.2d 328 (2012) (*per curiam*) (quoting *Rivers v. Roadway Express, Inc.*,511 U.S. 298, 312, 114 S.Ct. 1510, 128 L.Ed.2d 274 (1994) (internal quotation marks omitted)). And for good reason. As Justice Story explained 200 years ago, if state courts were permitted to disregard this Court's rulings on federal law, "the laws, the treaties, and the constitution of the United States would be different in different states, and might, perhaps, never have precisely the same construction, obligation, or efficacy, in any two states. The public mischiefs that would attend such a state of things would be truly deplorable." *Martin v. Hunter's Lessee*, 1 Wheat. 304, 348, 4 L.Ed. 97 (1816)."

The court also said:

"The Idaho Supreme Court, like any other state or federal court, is bound by this Court's interpretation of federal law" [emphasis added]

Cynthia Moore, executrix at this time makes that challenge and demands that the order the so-called Plaintiff in this case provide direct evidence and proof on the Record that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County** is a judicial power court which was created by the

Constitution for the State of South Carolina and operates in compliance with all of the provisions of the

Constitution for the United States of America.

The Court would lack jurisdiction being that there is evidence to support the improperly contrived subject matter by proper legislative process; and the Eleventh Amendment of the United States Constitution removed all "judicial power" in law, equity, treaties, contract law and the right of the State to bring suit against the People, therefore the "alleged Defendant" now challenge jurisdiction for the record.

Standing must also be proven to show jurisdiction. In order to file a case in court, litigants must have "standing" to sue. To have standing, Supreme Court doctrine requires that parties have an "injury in fact." This injury must be specific and concrete - rather the speculative and abstract. Standing requires the violation of a legal right that causes damage. "A plaintiff must allege personal injury fairly traceable to the defendant's allegedly unlawful conduct and likely to be redressed by the requested relief." Allen v. Wright, 468 U.S. 737, 751 (1984)

All orders or judgments issued by a judge in a court of limited jurisdiction must contain the findings of the court showing that the court has subject-matter jurisdiction, <u>not allegations that the court has jurisdiction</u>.

Any explanations to the above-mentioned matters MUST be done on a point by point basis with verified facts that are referenced in law, Legislative acts, Federal and/or State constitutions. The response from the Party/Petitioner/Plaintiff asserting proper jurisdiction must be sworn to under the penalties of perjury of the United States of America that response is true and correct, certified by notarization, and must be able to be understood by any reasonable man/woman should understand.

Pleadings of this Party SHALL NOT BE dismissed for lack of form or failure of process. All the pleadings are as any reasonable man/woman would understand, and in support of that claim I submit the following:

"And be it further enacted. That no summons, writ, declaration, return, process, judgment, or other proceedings in civil cases in any of the courts or the United States, shall be abated, arrested, quashed or reversed, for any defect or want of form, but the said courts respectively shall proceed and give judgment according as the right of the cause and matter in law shall appear unto them, without regarding any imperfections, defects or want of form in such writ, declaration, or other pleading, returns, process, judgment, or course of proceeding whatsoever, except those only in cases of demurrer, which the party demurring shall specially sit down and express together with his demurrer as the cause thereof. And the said courts respectively shall and may, by virtue of this act, from time to time, amend all and every such imperfections, defects and wants of form, other than those only which the party demurring shall express as aforesaid, and may at any time, permit either of the parties to amend any defect in the process of pleadings upon such conditions as the said courts respectively shall in their discretion, and by their rules prescribe. (a)" Judiciary Act of September 24th, 1789, Section 342, FIRST CONGRESS, Sess. 1, ch. 20,1789.

CONCLUSION with DIRECTIVE

WHEREFORE, Cynthia Moore, executrix having duly challenged the jurisdiction and claim of judicial power of **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina**, does now demand and direct said Court to order the Plaintiff in said cause to prove on the Record of this instant case that the Declarations of Cynthia Moore, executrix are invalid and to prove that this Court was created by the Constitution for the State of South Carolina, holding judicial power. And that the judges who have presided over this case prove by certified archival documents that they had on file the required oath set forth by Act of Congress as 1 Stat. 23 before they issued the orders, which said judges claim to have judicial power to issue and to have enforced by any law enforcement agency. Cynthia Moore, executrix, serves Administrative/Judicial Notice on this Court, that unless and until the above

Affidavit is rebutted in its entirety, point by point, it stands as the Law of this instant case. Pursuant to *Melo v. US*, this Court <u>must</u>, once jurisdiction has been challenged, as it now has been, halt all further proceedings and stay all Orders/Writs that this Court has issued. Further, this Court shall issue an Order to the Plaintiff to prove jurisdiction on the Record of this case and rebut the above Affidavit, point by point, within 10 days of the filing of this Challenge of Jurisdiction. Should this Court refuse to issue such order to the Plaintiff, this Court admits on the Record of this case that all orders which have been issued by any alleged judge of this Court in this instant case are VOID, not merely voidable. And, should this Court refuse to issue an order declaring all Orders in this case VOID, that such refusal or silence is a Tacit admission that the Court is intentionally and maliciously violating the unalienable civil rights of, Cynthia Moore, executrix, one of the People of South Carolina; and further, this Court, as a result of its Tacit admission agrees, that a Civil Rights complaint, against all perpetrators of the violations, would be an appropriate action.

Approve as to form	
By: Cynthia Moore, ex	xecutrix.

VERIFICATION

I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, a South Carolina, State Citizen and one of the People of South Carolina, makes this Verification based on personal knowledge of matters set forth herein and appearing without waiving any rights or remedies, being competent in mind and body to testify, do hereby declare, verify and affirm that the facts stated herein are true, correct, and complete in all material fact, not misrepresented based on my own knowledge to the best of my current information, knowledge and belief under the penalty of perjury of the laws of the United States of America and the laws of South Carolina, and is admissible as evidence in a court of law or equity, except as to those matters that are therein made upon information and belief, and as to those claims or facts, I believe them to be true and admissible as evidence, and if called upon as a witness, I will testify as to the veracity of my statements.

Entered this day of October, 2020.

Cynthia Moore, executrix.

Notary Signature

Seal

Printed Notary Name

My commission expires 06/0

6.10-2025



Affidavit.

State of South Carolina)	
) ss.	To All To Whom These Presents Shall Come
county of Georgetown)	

I, the Affiant, who goes by the appellation, Cynthia Moore, executrix, a woman, a woman standing as an Inhabitant on Georgetown the county, South Carolina the land, non-territorial to the United States and therefore without the United States, being of sound mind, and over the age of twenty-one, reserving all rights, being unschooled in municipal/civil law, and who has no BAR attorney, is without an attorney, and having never been re-presented by an attorney, and not waiving assistance of counsel, knowingly and willingly Declares and Duly affirms, in accordance with laws in and for the State of South Carolina, in good faith, with no intention of delaying, nor obstructing, and with full intent for preserving and promoting the public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the government and the judiciary, that the following statements and facts, are true and correct of Affiant's own first-hand knowledge, understanding, and belief, do solemnly declare, and depose and say:

- 1. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am competent to state to the matters set forth herein; and
- 2. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein; and
- 3. That I Cynthia Moroe, executrix, declare the original contract was altered, and stolen.
- 4. That I Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare there was an addition to the agreement with the following items that are not showing on the contract filed in this case.
- a) The intent of the agreement was the original party who funded the alleged loan per the bookkeeping entries is to be repaid the money,
- b) The bank or financial institution involved in the alleged loan will follow GAAP,
- c) the lender or financial institution involved in the alleged loan will purchase the promissory note from the borrower,
- d) the borrower does not provide any money, money equivalent, credit, funds or capital or thing of value that a bank or financial institution will use to give value to a check or similar instrument,
- e) the borrower is to repay the loan in the same species of money or credit that the bank or financial institution used to fund the loan per GAAP.
- e) the original written agreement gives full disclosure of all material facts.
- 5. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declares the original contract will show the bank agreed that Robert McDonald could repay using another IOU- promissory note payable in the same species of

money, money equivalent or credit or funds or capital that the bank or financial institution used per GAAP to fund the loan.

- 6. That I Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare damages because the note was altered and stolen.
- 7. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that the signature of Robert McDonald cannot testify that the bank lent him the bank's money to purchase the browser's promissory note.
- 8. That I Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare the plaintiff failed to provide the court adequate assurance of due performance.
- 9. That I Cynthia Moore, Executrix, the bank did not give Robert McDonald a deposit slip in violation of 12 USCA Sec 1813
- 10. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare if the court does not have on record what the bookkeeping entries are, the attorney cannot prove they performed under the agreement and funded the loan to Robert McDonald.
- 11. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that all the facts stated herein are true, correct, and certain, admissible as evidence, and if called upon as a witness I will testify to their veracity; and
- 12. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not now, nor have I been in the past 10 years, federal employee, or federal personnel; and
- 13. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina**, or any/all aliases of this name, is not a lower federal district court limited in jurisdiction to only those areas which are federal enclaves, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and
- 14. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina,** or any/all aliases of this name, is not without *in personam* jurisdiction over Cynthia Moore, executrix, one of the People of South Carolina, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and
- 15. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina**, or any/all aliases of this name, does not have the ability to obtain jurisdiction over one of the People of South Carolina, the property of one of the People of South Carolina, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and 16. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material
- facts that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina**, or any/all aliases of this name, is not limited in authority to only administrative power over the artificial entity/legal person, Cynthia Moore, executrix, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and

- 17. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina,** or any/all aliases of this name, is not an administrative power only court, which is masquerading as a judicial power court, which was created by the LEGISLATURE OF STATE OF South Carolina, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and
- 18. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that judicial power courts, the Court Of Common Pleas, Georgetown County, South Carolina, is not created only by the Constitution for the State of South Carolina, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and
- 19. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the Legislature of the State of South Carolina is not powerless to create judicial power courts, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and
- 20. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina**, or any/all aliases of this name, is not an administrative power only court created for commercial purposes by the Legislature of the State of South Carolina, acting as an instrumentality of the United States, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and
- 21. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina**, or any/all aliases of this name, is not an administrative power only court forcing compliance with its Orders by use of armed mercenary police actions, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and
- 22. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina,** or any/all aliases, is not by the actions of said court directly violating the rights held by the People under the Constitution for the State of South Carolina, through said court's use of deceptive practices, procedures, rules, and word-smithing, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and
- 23. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that there is any person holding themselves out as a judge for the **Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina**, who has not taken the proper oath for a state judicial officer, which is required to be taken by Act of Congress, as set out at 1 Stat. 23, which reads:
- "SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and [House of] Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the oath or affirmation required by the sixth article of the Constitution of the

United States, shall be administered in the form following, to wit: "I, *A*. B. do solemnly swear or affirm (as the case may be) that I will support the Constitution of the United States."

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the members of the several State legislatures, at the next sessions of the said legislatures, respectively, and all executive and **judicial officers of the several States**, who have been heretofore chosen or appointed, or who shall be chosen or appointed before the first day of August next, and who shall then be in office shall within one month thereafter, take the same oath or affirmation, except where they shall have taken it before; which may be administered by any person authorized by the law of the State, in which such office shall be Holden, to administer oaths." [Emphasis added]

and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and

- 24. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that the Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina, or any/all aliases of this name, is not committing unlawful acts by claiming authority beyond its jurisdiction when it orders to pay fines of the People of South Carolina state, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and 25. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that when the Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina, or any/all aliases of this name, refuses to rebut this Affidavit, point by point on the Court Record, that said Court is not committing intentional and malicious violations of civil rights against the Cynthia Moore, executrix, one of the People of South Carolina, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists; and 26. That I, Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare that I am not in receipt of any evidence or other material facts that there does not exist a clear absence of all jurisdiction in the Court of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina, and I believe that no contrary evidence exists.
- 27. That I Cynthia Moore, executrix declare the Official Code or Statute of Georgia Annotated or OCGA sec. 44-3-109 used to foreclose against me are unnamed and missing the 3 elements necessary to be considered a valid law.
- 28. That I Cynthia Moore, executrix, declare the codes/statutes show no signs of authority on their face as recorded in the Official Code or Statute of Georgia Annotated or OCGA.
- 29. That I Cynthia Moore, executrix declare the Constitution and the Supreme Court of **Georgia** asserted that a statute/codes must have an **enacting clause**.
- 30. That I Cynthia Moore, executrix declare the Constitution stated that "The **enacting clause** is that portion of a code or statute which gives it jurisdictional identity and constitutional authenticity." Joiner v. State.

31. That I Cynthia Moore, executrix declare without an enacting clause, the laws referenced in the complaints have no official evidence that they are from an authority to which the I am is subject to or required obey.

Further this Affiant Saith Not.

I declare under the penalty of bearing false witness before God and Men as recognized under the laws in and for the State of South Carolina, the Laws of the United States of America, and the Law of Nations, acting with sincere intent and full standing in law, do herewith certify and state that the foregoing contents are true, correct, complete, certain, admissible as evidence, and not intended to mislead anyone, and that Cynthia Moore, executrix executes this document in accordance with Cynthia Moore, executrix's, best knowledge and understanding, without dishonor, without recourse, with All rights reserved, & without prejudice.

As done this As done the			
the United States of America.			
By: Cynthia Moore, executrix.			
Duly sworn this day of October, 2020			
State of South Carolina)			
) Jurat.			
County of Georgetown)			
Before me the undersigned, a Notary acting within and for the County of Georgetown and the State of South Carolina, on thisday of October, 2020, personally appeared and known to me - OR - proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person whose names is subscribed to the within instrument, to be the identical Man-Woman, Cynthia Moore, executrix, who being duly sworn, declared the above to be true, correct, and not meant to mis-lead, to the best of her firsthand knowledge, understanding, and belief, by her free will and voluntary act and deed by her signature on the foregoing document, executed the within instrument.			
Given under my hand and seal this day of October, 2020.			
Laches Cried			
Notary Signature Seal NOTAR BUBLIC SEAL PUBLIC PUBL			
Printed Notary Name			
My commission expires 06.10.2085			

Certificate of Service.

I certify that a true and correct copy of the Challenge of Jurisdiction was filed in the Courthouse of Common Pleas of Georgetown County, South Carolina; & was served by registered mailing and/or email to all parties listed below, as of this ______ day of October, 2020.

To: Attorney GeneraL, Alan Wilson Rembert Dennis/ 1000 Assembly Street, Room 519/ Columbia, S,C. [29201]

To: Theordore Von Keller, (Attorney to alleged Plaintiff) South Carolina Bar # (SC Bar # 5718) P.O. Box 4216, Columbia S.C. [29240]

To: Master In Equity Joe M. Crosby 405 Dozier St. Georgetown S.C. 29440

These words are True.

Cynthia Moore, executrix.

		ė.	Exhibit A
	STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA	y }	IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEASJUDICIAL CIRCUIT
	COUNTY OFvs.	Plaintiff,	CONSENT ORDER: FAST TRACK JURY TRIAL AND APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL HEARING OFFICER
0	The parties consent to the follo		cket No
Z		d Precedures for the Fast T	putrial process. ack Jury Trial Process," outlined in the Chief March 7, 2013), subject to any additional
7	written stip Laions atta 3. Pelect	che I to this Order. to ing. He/She is a my mber in	serve as the Special Hearing Officer in this Fast good standing of the South Carolina Bar and has
3		irenants of Rule 463, SCA	CR coverning the practice of law.
7000	(X 9	W V	
Ž	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERI	ED:	
S	(10) urors from the just above-captioned case.	menire for that the so the	railable a courtroom factive and not more than ten at the porties may select a jury of six (6) to hear the
13	Administrative Order, C fiel, subject to any addi	Case. No. 2013-000.89 (Ma tional written stipulations a	
1	P ocedure to dompel att	endance of witnesse, if ne	authorized by the South Carolina Rales of Civil cessary, at the Fas Grack jury trial. ial Hearing Officer for the purpose of the binding ority to rule on all matters with regard to
C	p cedures and evidence s pulations are cycle to	e as if he/she were sitting a this Order.	onty to the on an matter with regard to s a Cycle Court Judge, subject to any written ontempt power. If the Special Hearing Officer
	reports to the Circuit Co	ourt Chief Administrat.	adge a finding of contemptuous conduct, then the ait Could adge and may have to attend a contempt
	Date:,2	0	Coxuit Court Chief Administrative Judge
	WE CONSENT:	_ & >	, d
	25	12.5	
	SCCA 239 (06/2013)		

Exhibit B

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AFFIDAVIT OF CITIZENSHIP

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA

COUNTY OF GEORGETOWN

I, the Affiant, who goes by Cynthia Moore, executor, a woman, being of sound mind, and over the age of twenty-one, reserving all rights, being unschooled in law, and who has no BAR attorney, is without an attorney, and having never been re-presented by an attorney, and not waiving assistance of counsel, knowingly and willingly Declares and Duly affirms, in accordance with laws in and for the State of South Carolina, in good faith, and with full intent for preserving and promoting the public confidence in the integrity and impartiality of the government and the judiciary, that the following statements and facts, are true and correct of Affiant's own first-hand knowledge, understanding, and belief, do solemnly declare, and depose and States: I'm a citizen of the United States of America and give legal notice to law enforcement agents and officers of the court you are hereby notified that the holder of this document is not under your jurisdiction, and an official diplomatic representative of the Republic State of South Carolina and must be given due respect and freedom from local, county state and U. S statutes codes rules and regulations. Failure to do so will result in human rights violation under international law.

I was born in the Republic State of South Carolina, which makes me a Citizen of all states, and one of the people, and a beneficiary of, the republic U.S.A. constitution of 1789/1791. This affidavit is made for the sole purpose of reclaiming my citizenship, my passport and birth certificate will be used to certify my state citizenship (these documents will be filed in court when they arrive). A State Citizen has absolute freedom and liberty protected by our founding documents. The birth certificate attached and or a copy of my state passport will verify that I was born in the Republic State of South Carolina. I'm not a citizen of the federal corporation the District of Columbia, also known as USDC or the UNITED STATES. The term "United States" means— (A) a Federal corporation; see 28 USC 3002 (15), a U.S. citizen is a legal fiction / U.S. corporation and has no rights secured by the constitution. A State Citizen is a Citizen of the United States. But not the same as a 14th amendment "Citizen of the United States". And the 14th amendment fell two states short of being ratified. So it does not lawfully exist.

A 14th amendment citizen is born in the United States which is a federal territory and subject to congress. This is not the same as being born in one of the several states of the Union. The United States of America is the dejure republic government, not the United States which is the corporation. The preamble to the constitution establishes the United States of America, not the United States. So we have Two Different and Distinct National Governments. See: U.S. v. Anthony 24 Fed. 829 (1873) "The term resident and citizen of the United States (this means 14th amendment citizen) is distinguished from a Citizen of one of the several states, in that the former is a special class of citizen created by Congress." See case law... "Taxpayers are not [de jure] State Citizens." Belmont v. Town of Gulfport, 122 So. 10.

There is a great deal of confusion in this area, I hope this affidavit will clear up the misunderstanding for the parties, court and certify my State citizenship.

I believe the confusion started when my parents signed me up at birth for s social security number when my parents checked off that I was a U.S. citizen on the SS-5 application. And then I continued to claim to be a U.S. citizen not aware of the fact there were two different meaning for a state citizens. The Ú.S. in this case, is the federal corporation the District of Columbia, also known as USDC or the UNITED STATES. It was created by the **congressional act of 1871**.

Also see 28 USC 3002 (15) "United States" means—(A) a Federal corporation;

I'm being injured in that I'm being deprived rights under color of law 18 USC 241 and 18 USC-242 18 U.S. Code § 1545. Safe conduct violation, protects me as a state citizen and "Whoever violates any safe conduct or passport duly obtained and issued under authority of the United States shall be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both."

I'm a State Citizen of the Republic State of South Carolina and therefore

Not subject to illegal property tax collections.

FURTHER AFFIANT SAITH NOT.

I declare under the penalty of bearing false witness before God and as recognized under the laws in and for The State of South Carolina, the Laws of the United States of America, acting with sincere intent and full standing in law, do herewith certify and state that the foregoing contents are true, correct, complete, certain, admissible as evidence, and not intended to mislead anyone, and that Cynthia Moore, executrix executes this document in accordance with best knowledge and understanding without dishonor, without recourse; with All rights reserved, without prejudice.

Done this 27^{4} day of October	er in the year 2020, under penalty of perjury under the
laws of the United States of America.	
	Cynthia Moore, Executix
	OUTH CAMMINITUM
:	TATON TO THE STATE OF THE STATE
SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to this	day of, October 2020.
	Notary Public Men

TAMPORSOUND CONTO DA CERTIFICATION OF VITAL RECORD

Exhibit

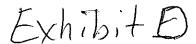
DELAYED CERTIFICATE OF BIRTH SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND ENV Birth No. 139 County of Birth GEORGETOWN GEORGETOWN City of Birth CYNTHIA ANN MOORE FEMALE FATHER Race or Color WILLIE JAMES MOORE BOUTH CAROLINA Piace of Birth Country APRIL 20, 1943 Birth Date Rece or Color BLACI ADELINE HOLMES /alden Name State or Country MARCH 16, 1947 he above statements are true to the best of my knowledge and belief subscribed and sworn to before me this BOUTH CAROLINA GEORGETOWN (County) My Commission expires NOTARY DO NOT WHITE BELOW THIS LINE ABSTRACT OF SUPPORTING Kind of Document BISTER'S BIRTH CERT. #139-70-033141 GEORGETOWN. GEORGETOWN HEALTH DEPT. REC GEORGE TOWN . SC GEORGETOWN CO. MEM. HOSP REC. Irin Dale or Age 10-07-71 ereby cartily that no prior dirin cartificate is an file for the person This is a true certification of the facts on file in the Division of Vital Records, SC Department of Health and

Director and State Registrar

Assistant State Registrar

This is watermarked paper Do not accept without noting watermark. Hold to light to verify watermark.

Revision Date: 04/25/2019



Recording requested by (name):

Vhen	recorded,	mail to	(name a	හම් කම්ම්	ress);	
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SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

MECHANIC'S LIEN

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA)
)
COUNTY OF GEORGETOWN	7

1. Cynthia Moore, Executrix (the "Claimant"), located at 561 Kings River Rd, Pawleys Island, South Carolina 29585, claims a mechanics lien for the labor or services or equipment or materials described herein, furnished for a work of improvement on that certain real property located in the County of Georgetown, in the State of South Carolina. The complete address of the real property on which this mechanics lien is claimed is: 561 Kings River Rd, Pawleys Island, South Carolina 29585 (the "Property"). The permanent index identification number of the Property is: 04-0205-242-00-00. The legal description of the Property is:

ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND LYING AND BEING IN PAWLEYS ISLAND CITY, GEORGETOWN COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA, SITUATED, LYING AND BEING AT PAWLEYS ISLAND, IN TOWNSHIP 7, TAX DISTRICT 4, BEING DESIGNATED AS LOT EIGHT (8), BLOCK A, TRACT 18, OF THE PLAT OF HAGLEY ESTATES, INC., SAID MAP BEING MADE BY OWEN PATTON, REGISTERED ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR DATED JUNE 1,1966 A COPY OF SAID

MAP BEING RECORDED IN THE OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF COURT FOR GEORGETOWN COUNTY IN PLAT BOOK RAT PAGE 94, REFERENCE TO WHICH IS CRAVED AS FORMING A PART OF THESE PRESENTS.

THIS CONVEYANCE IS MADE SUBJECT TO ALL CONDITIONS, COVENANTS, RESTRICTIONS, LIMITATIONS, AND EASEMENTS OF RECORD SET FORTH IN DEED BOOK 74 AT PAGE 224, AND ANY AND ALL AMENDMENTS THERETO.

THIS BEING THE SAME PROPERTY CONVEYED TO ROBERT L. MCDONALD, BY DEED TROM CLYDE GAINEY, BY HIS ATTORNEY IN FACT, HELEN L. GAINEY, DATED 06/13/2001 AND RECORDED ON 06/14/2001 IN BOOK 1189, PAGE 173, IN THE GEORGETOWN COUNTY

- RECORDERS OFFICE.

 2. The labor or services or equipment or materials were furnished by Claimant Cynthia Moore, Executrix, located at 561 Kings River Rd, Pawleys Island, South Carolina 29585..
- 3. The owner Robert L. McDonald, decease the titleholder of the real Property on which this mechanic lien is claim.
- 4. The amount due and owing on the mechanic lien with interest . . . rate provided in the mechanic lien is as follows.

QTV .	item ida	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	ITEM TOTAL
	t : Min ymar	Roofing Work	\$35,000.00	\$35,000.00
1		Plumbing Work	\$33,000.00	\$33,000.00
Ī			\$43,000.00	\$43,000.00
1		House Payment	\$39,990.00	\$39,990.00
1	± :	Deck Replacement	\$28,000.00	\$28,000.00
1	,	Painting Inside House	ψ2Gjo s o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	217.000.00
1		Painting outside House	\$45,000.00	\$45,000.00
1	-	Lawn Care	\$ 23,800.00	\$23,800.00
1		Electrical Bill	\$ 34,000,00	\$ \$34,000.00
- !	-	Electrical wiring	\$15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
<u> </u>		Tile work	\$20,000.00	\$ 20,000.00
. 1			\$15,000.00	\$ 15,000.00
l	***************************************	Carpet install		\$ 8,000.00
t,	Î	Doors install	\$ 8,800.00	\$ 13,000.0
<u> </u>		Air Condition work	\$13,000.00	
		Water Bill	\$ 10,000.00	\$ 10,800.0
	•	•	\$ 6,550.00	\$ 6,550.00
1.	<u> </u>	Hot Water Heater work	\$ 39,600.00	\$ 39,600.0
	TAL: \$409,740	Cleaning Service .00 annum: \$ 20,487. DD		

man and the state of the state

^{5.} After deducting all just credits and offsets, the sum of \$430,227.00 is due to Claimant for the labor or services or equipment or materials provided.

* :	
•	
	Cynthia Ann Moore, Executrix
	sovereign living soul, holder of the office of "the people"
	inhabitart of the land of South Carolina
1.	Adeline H. Moore
	Withese Signature
2. ;	Cohne Dwerk
	Witness Signature

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

As an ex officio Notary Public and an officer of the court for the Republic of South	
Carolina. I, hereby certify that Cynthia Ann Moore, Executrix who is known to me, who is a sovereign living soul, an	
Ann Moore, Executrix who is known to me, who is a sovereign living soul, an	.)
inhabitant of the land of South Carolina, and a holder of the office of "the people", &	mr)
appeared before me and executed the foregoing on this August, in the year of our Lord, Two Thousand and Twenty, and two witnesses,	A)C
in the year of our Lord, Two Thousand and Twenty, and two witnesses,	
	_

Notary CAROLINA, INTERIOR OF THE STATE OF TH

Ģ.,

Exhibit E

~~~~ Instructions: Payee, or Holder in Due Course: ~~~~

These sorts of "Uniform Commercial Code" Instruments empower all Americans to lawfully "Discharge" any Debt that we owe; or, to Discharge any Debt under which we might make any binding Contract. Here-under; once any Property is peaceably taken into our "Possession", we become its lawful "Owner". This is the most quick & efficient manner to use this Instrument as an "Asset", & in a "Liquid" manner. Any person that this Instrument is eventually tendered to becomes a "Bearer" of it, & s/he can then lawfully do the same. Using these Instruments like this functions under the UCC as legal "Money". This process will provide needed Debt-Relief for the 99% of our American People, & especially for our Poor; because these notes are Lawful Alternatives to "Federal Reserve Notes", which have been used by the Favored 1% Richer-Classes to Exploit the rest of us. - Instruments such as this may also be deposited directly into our own bank-accounts, at any commercial-bank or other financial-institution, after it is endorsed by all named Payees. The bank-officers therein have Duties to promptly Credit that Account for the amount shown. Those Duties derive from the fact that the main purpose of their corporate franchise & license to do business in our society, is to facilitate commercial-transactions such as this. - Also; you may proceed with the steps listed below.

~~~~ Instructions: Bank or other Financial Institution: ~~~~

Present this Instrument to your local Federal Reserve Bank. Like all banking officers, the officers in that local Federal Reserve Bank have Duties to our American People to promptly Credit your bank's account for the amount of these funds. This is true because their corporate franchise & license to do business requires that they assume these Duties, in order to assure the smooth-flow of Commerce for all people in our nation. - Federal Reserve Bank officers; please do the same by presenting this Instrument to the U.S. Comptroller of the Currency; who has similar Duties as your own.

If for any reason, the local Federal Reserve Bank officers, or the U.S. Comptroller of the Currency, refuses to honor this instrument, as presented by any Bear of it; then, please obtain the names of all officers making such refusals, along with copies of all Evidence of the same, & then present all such names & Evidence, along with this Instrument, to the district-branch of the Non-Profit Corporation Source of these funds; at:

USPSJCCC-&Treasury; Treasurer: Charles Stewart; 1117 North Neches Street; Coleman, Texas [76834]

From the date of our receipt from any Holder or Bearer of this document, we will honor that presentment within ten business-days there-from. All persons opting to make such direct-presentment to us: please include clear instructions of the mailing-address where you wish for us to send our payment to you at.

THIS CHECK IS PROTECTED WITH A VOID PANTOGRAPH - OTHER SECURITY FEATURES DETAILED ON BACK.

United States People's Social Justice & Credit; Church, Court, & Treasury;

Account #; 1002

Attn: Treasurer/Cashier: Charles Stewart;

Certified Cashier's Check #: 2005

1117 North Neches Street; Coleman, Texas [76834]

Date: 24-September-2020

Pay to the order of: "Cynthia Moore"; & then to "First Citizens Bank & Trust Company"; &, when endorsed by officers there-in, then: Pay to any Bearer:

\$ 320,000.00

Three Hundred & Twenty Thousand Dollars.

Reserving all Rights; & Without Prejudice. U.C.C. 1-308.

Charles Stewart; USPSJCCCT; Treasurer/Cashier.

CASENO. 2019-CP-22-00978

First Citizens Bank & Trust Company Alleged Plaintiff, VS. CYNTHIA ANN MOORE, EXECUTRIX) STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA) COUNTY OF GEORGETOWN) IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS)
Alleged Defendant In Erro	r)
)

" Affidavit of Title of Possession":

held by the "Natural Law Unalienable Rights";

& here-under, by Cynthia Ann Moore, executrix; of Real. - Property, commonly known as 561 kings River RD., Pawleys Island S.C. 29585. This document may be as an amendment to a "Quit Claim Deed".

For the Public-Record; this Affidavit, here-by assert sworn testimony, that, a "title of Possession" is being held, under public & general principles of "Law"; concerning certain real-property, which is located in Georgetown County, & at the street-address commonly known as: "561 Kings River RD.", & in the area of Pawleys South Carolina 29585". By necessity; this property is recorded in Georgetown County under Tax ID #: 04-0205-242-00-00.

That the following is a description of the premises !

ALL THAT TRACT OR PARCEL OF LAND LYING AND BEING IN PAWLEYS ISLAND CITY, GEORGETOWN COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA, SITUATED, LYING AND BEING AT PAWLEYS ISLAND, IN TOWNSHIP 7, TAX DISTRICT 4, BEING DESIGNATED AS LOT EIGHT (8), BLOCK A, TRACT 18, OF THE PLAT OF HAGLEY ESTATES, INC., SAID MAP BEING MADE BY OWEN PATTON, REGISTERED ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR DATED JUNE 1,1966 A COPY OF SAID MAP BEING RECORDED IN THE OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF COURT FOR GEORGETOWN COUNTY IN PLAT BOOK RAT PAGE 94, REFERENCE TO WHICH IS CRAVED AS FORMING A PART OF THESE PRESENTS.

THIS CONVEYANCE IS MADE SUBJECT TO ALL CONDITIONS, COVENANTS, RESTRICTIONS, LIMITATIONS, AND EASEMENTS OF RECORD SET FORTH IN DEED BOOK 74 AT PAGE 224, AND ANY AND ALL AMENDMENTS THERETO.

THIS BEING THE SAME PROPERTY CONVEYED TO ROBERT L. MCDONALD, BY DEED FROM CLYDE GAINEY, BY HIS ATTORNEY IN FACT, HELEN L. GAINEY, DATED 06/13/2001 AND RECORDED ON 06/14/2001 IN BOOK 1189, PAGE 173, IN THE GEORGETOWN COUNTY RECORDERS OFFICE.

In the Month of October, of the year of our Lord, 2005; a "Peaceceable Entry" was made on-to this land by one Cynthia Ann Moore, executrix", who have peaceably occupied & maintained this home since that date. At that time, Cynilia Ann Moore, executrix of my "Natural Law unalienable Rights", which is my God living Rights. In the Leading Light of my Nature Law Unalienable Rights", and under the Limitation Act of 1980 section 15 subsection (6) (7) and schedule 1 part 1 and the Limitation Act 1980 section 17 makes my ownership being extinguished. All essential conditions have been satisfied & in my own appellation as individual natural people; I claim & registry this "Title of Possession".

"Title of Possession".

Ever since Oct 7, 2005, I have occupied the Premises openly, notoriously, continuously, uninterruptedly, exclusively, and adversely up until the present time, and as a result, I am the true owner of the Premise. As evidence of my claim of ownership in the Premises, I have constructed and maintain (e.g. Fence, retaining wall, driveway, house patio, deck, porch, and/or tree line). upon, along, and across the (e.g., north, south, east, or west). side of the Premises.

As further evidence of my claim of ownership, I have used the Premises for (e.g. lawn care, garden, driveway, and/or parking area) each year, and have replaced the deck, the roofing, paint inside and outside of the house, lawn care, electrical work, tile work, replace the carpet, install doors, Air condition work, plumbing work, replace the hot water heater, paid water bill, light bill, cleaning service, and planted and/or posted no trespassing signs on the Premises.

As further evidence of my claim of ownership, since Oct. 7, 2005, I have paid real estate costs for the Premises.

I, Cynthia Ann Moore humbly claim my Unalienable Rights and worship that God which and has ordained the Supreme Laws of Truth, Justice, & Peace, in this Universe, & on this Planet; & which were referenced in the opening sentence of America's "Declaration of Independence" documents, through the phase of " the Laws of Nature & of Nature"s God". I interpret that phase life and pursuit of happiness and in general my Unalienable Rights.

Although making these sorts of claims of "Title of Possession" is modernly unfashionable, a moment of well-reasoned contemplation will reveal that they are in complete harmony with these broader principles of "Nature Law", Because it is Truth, Justice, and Peace, I include a brief legal citations here-in, as follows

"Tera manes vacua occupanti conceditur: Land lying unoccupied is given to the first occupant."

"Possession Vaut Titre: ... the fact of possession raises a prima facie title or a presumption of the right of property in the thing possessed."

"Seisin: Possession of real property under claim of freehold estate ... with an intent on the part of him who holds it to claim a freehold interest. Right to immediate possession"

"Seize: To put in possession, invest with fee simple ... be legal possessor of, or be holder in fee simple."

"Lex Terra: The law of the land. The common law, or the due course of the common law; the general law of the land. Equivalent to "due process of law". In the strictest sense, trial by oath; the privilege of making oath."

"Lex Non Scripta: The unwritten or common law, ... included ... customs & local laws."

"Possession Nine Tenths of the Law. This adage ... places in a strong light the legal truth that every claimant must succeed by the strength of his own title, & not by the weakness of his antagonist's.

"Black's Law Dictionary", 5th edition; West Publishing Co.

"Title of Possession"

"... no right of entry ... can be ... given to any other person, ... such right of entry cannot be assigned or transferred to another. (Litt. f, 347). This principle had its origin in ... the Ancient Law, to guard ... against maintenance, the subversion of justice, & the oppression of the poor, by the rich and powerful. For if men were allowed to grant before they obtain possession, as Lord Coke remarks, pretended titles might be granted to great men, whereby right might be trodden down, and the weak oppressed, ..."

Stearns, "A Summary of the Law & Practice of Real Actions", Intro., § XII, 24 (Boston 1824).

"Right of possession. ... (3) ... a person in lawful possession of property shall be deemed to have a right of possession superior to that of a person having only a security interest in the property, even if legal title to the property lies with the holder of the security interest ..."

Oregon Revised Statutes: 164.105.

"For reasons of <u>public policy</u>, the <u>Common Law protected a person in peaceable possession of land, irrespective of the method of acquisition. Actual seisin or possession, however acquired and however wrongful, created a presumptive right of possession, ... In case of being dispossessed, the disseisee could vindicate his right of possession by resort to some Possessory Proceeding, basing his action on his actual seisin and the wrongful act of the disseisor in ousting him. ... when ownership in land is resolved into its essential elements, ... the fundamental one is the right of possession. ... the right of property enforced in the Proprietary Actions is nothing more than an older and superior right of possession." Page 50.</u>

"As Pollock and Maitland so truly observed, "every Title to Land has its root in Seisin;

the Title which has its root in the Oldest Seisin is the Best Title." Page 51.

"When an action is founded on possession only, and not on Title or Ownership, it is sufficient to allege a Title of Possession only, a naked allegation of possession being sufficient.

Alleging Title of Possession: It is often sufficient to allege a Title of Possession only."

Page 116.

A Mere Naked Possession as Sufficient Title ... Since the days of Ancient Real Possessory Actions ... one forcibly ousted from his possession could be summarily restored to his possession. The law protected one in possession of real property in order to prevent breaches of the peace. ... Trespass, being an interference with the possession, ... does not require a legal Title to support it. Under the early Common Law, ... the so-called Title ... was only an older possession, ..." Pages 161-163.

"... in the final analysis, no title could be tried without also trying possession. ..." Pg 229.

"The plaintiff, in all Cases, must recover on the strength of his own Title. He cannot found his claim upon the insufficiency of the defendant's title, for the possession gives the defendant a right against every one who cannot show ... a prior possession, ... The defendant may hold the land without any Title thereto, as his mere possession gives him a right to resist ..." Page 233.

"... the rules & principles which for centuries were applicable to & developed by the old Common Law Action of Ejectment are, for most part, equally applicable to its Modem

Statutory Counterpart." Pg-243.

"Common Law Pleading"; Koffler & Reppy;
New York Law School; West Pub. Co., 1969.
http://legal-textbooks.com/law-civil/handbooko/common-law-pleading.html

"<u>Title of Possession</u>".

"When He (God) created man, & endued him with free will ... He laid down certain immutable laws of human nature whereby that free will is ... restrained, & gave him also ... reason to discover the purport of those laws. Considering the Creator ... is also a being of infinite wisdom, He has laid down only such laws as were founded in those relations of justice, These are the eternal immutable laws of good and evil, to which the Creator Himself in all His dispensations conforms; & which He has enabled human reason to discover,

As therefore, the Creator is a Being, not only of infinite power, and wisdom, but also of infinite goodness, He has been pleased so to contrive the constitution and frame of humanity, that we should want no other prompter to inquire after ..., but only ... that universal principle of action. For he has so intimately connected, so inseparably interwoven the laws of eternal justice with the happiness of each individual, that the latter cannot be obtained but by observing the former; and if the former be punctually obeyed, it cannot but induce the latter. <u>In consequence of which mutual connection of justice and human felicity (happiness), He has </u> not perplexed the law of nature with a multitude of abstract rules and precepts, ... This is the foundation of what we call ethics, or natural law.

For the several articles into which it is branched in our systems, amount to no more than demonstrating that this or that action tends to mans real happiness, and therefore very justly concluding that the performance of it is a part of the law of nature; or, on the other hand, that this or that action is destructive of mans real happiness, and therefore that the law of nature forbids it.

The law of nature, being ... dictated by God Himself, is ... superior in obligation to any other. It is binding over all the globe in all countries, and at all times; no human laws are of any validity, if contrary to this; and such of them as are valid derive their force, and all authority ... from this original.

William Blackstone; "Commentaries on the Laws of England",

1753 -1766; Pgs: 39/57 - 42/65.

Under Penalty of Perjury, as administered by any 12-person jury which unanimously affirms harmony with dueprocess-of-law; I do solemny swear that these words are "true" Cýnthia Ann Moore, executrix, 561 Kings River Rd, Pawleys Island, SC 29585 This record was acknowledged before me on this wild the commission of the commission

ATE OUBLIC THE CAROLINIA OUTH CAROLI

year of our Lord, 2020

Notary Republic

"Title of Possession".

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